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VOL. XXVI BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. JANUARY 17, 1895. NO 3

VERY DRY IN NEW YORK.

Most of the Saloons Closed By Supt. Byrnes.

New York, Jan. 13.—Another spasm of virtue struck this city to-day. It was one of those periodical dry spasms whose symptoms are an abnormal activity in police circles, followed by a violent contraction of saloon doors, one which always begins at midnight on Saturday and lasts through the following day. Virtue was particularly virulent on the East side, and the difficulty of getting into a saloon in that vicinity was equaled only by the difficulty of getting out again. All these things were due to Supt. Byrnes and a band of youthful looking detectives.

As a result of their activity everything was closed on the East side all day. Many saloons were tight shut and the curtains up. Others were set with a double watch, one man at the outside door, and one at inside. All the places were very cautious, and when a thirsty man did get in he would have to wait until the cost was clear and a number of signals passed between the watcher outside and the doortender inside before he could get out again. In the Tenderloin nearly everything was very much shut up. Word had gone abroad that it would be a bad night for the liquor trade. In the precincts adjoining the Tenderloin, arrests were plenty, and Mr. Byrnes' Sunday workers who went up there—and there were some who did—had plenty of practice. About 70 excise prisoners were held in $100 bail each for trial at Jefferson market court this morning. The tombs had only 10 excise cases.

Signs of Impending Revolt.

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—George H. Young, who arrived here on the steamer Australia from Honolulu, with F. M. Hatch, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Hawaii, says it was generally understood among the passengers that Mr. Hatch's mission concerning the cable was merely a blind. The real purpose was to convey to Minister Thurston at Washington some important dispatches that the Ministry was afraid to trust to the mail. There are unmistakable evidences, says Mr. Young, of an impending revolt in the islands, and the provisional government is seriously alarmed.

It is believed the dispatches to Thurston are in the nature of a request that a United States war vessel be sent to Honolulu immediately. Mr. Hatch, in an interview to-day states that the object of his visit is to see what aid the American Government will give in laying a cable between Honolulu and San Francisco. He thought the conspiracy recently discovered amounted to nothing and although there are now no war vessels at the islands, he did not fear a rising.

The work of Masked Robbers.

Ottumwa, Ia., Jan. 13.—Two masked robbers, disguised as farmers, held up a passenger train at Chillicothe, on the Burlington railroad, last night, and got away with the contents of the express car, probably $5,000 or over.

The pair of bandits jumped into the express car through the open side door just as the train was leaving Chillicothe. The express messenger was knocked down and forced to give up the safe keys. He and the baggage man were cowed by revolvers, bound and gagged. All the packages and valuables in the safe were thrown into a grain sack.

As the train was nearing this city the mail clerk came into the express car and was covered with revolvers without being bound or gagged. The train slowed up at Milwaukee Junction, a few miles from the city, and this gave the robbers an opportunity to jump off the train and escape in the darkness. It is thought the robbers had confederates near here and that they were taken to a place of concealment in a carriage.

Because He is a Catholic.

Butte, Mnot., Jan. 14.—A committee of 12, from four local A. P. A. lodges, left for Helena this morning with an address issued by State President J. D. Caldwell, to the members of the Legislature, protesting against the election of the Republican National committee chairman, Thomas H. Carter, as United States Senator. Carter is a Catholic, and the address contains a violent denunciation of alleged papal interference with civil and political affairs in this country, and warns the legislators, in the name of the A. P. A., not to elect a Romanist to the Senate on penalty of political death. It is believed, if the A. P. A.'s in the Legislature obey orders, they may defeat the Republican caucus nominee for Senator. Balloting begins to-morrow.

Miners Probably Drowned.

London, Jan. 14.—The Diglake colliery at Hanley was flooded this morning, while about 240 miners were at work. The water swept through the workings with tremendous force, carrying with it timbers, cars and tools. The men nearest the shafts were rescued and others fled to remote workings, where they would be above the level of the flood, although cut off from the shafts. It is thought that 140 of the men were saved and that the rest were drowned. The estimate is only approximate, as nobody knows how many of those below are still alive.

Two of the Cook Gang.

Muskegee, I. T. Jan. 15.—James French and Mack Williams, of the Cook gang, rode into Fort Gibson early last night and held up the proprietor and five men in F. H. Nash's general store. With revolvers held at them, the victims elevated their hands and fell in line while Williams emptied the money drawers of $3. Mr. Nash opened the safe when ordered and handed out $30, all there was in the safe. Williams was not satisfied and decided to go through the visitors. He walked up to Bohannon, Nash's collector, who had just entered to deposit the day's collections, and was going into his pockets when French ordered his companion to leave Bohannon alone.

At that time Editor Dick, of the local paper, came in. French ordered him to put up his hands, but Dick thought the robbery a joke until Williams put a six-shooter in his face and said: "Up with hands or I will blow your brains out." Dick obeyed and was relieved of $4. The other men were not robbed. Then French selected two suits of clothing and the bandits marched the seven men to the rack where their horses were tied. Dick lagged behind the line and French called out to him: "Say, you with the split tail Mother Hubbard, move up or I'll shoot your head off." After the outlaws were on their horses French shouted! "If the editor writes us up we will come back and kill him."

Ready To Step In.

Harrisburg, Jan. 13,—There is nothing now to be done save wait for pleasant weather to inaugurate Governor-elect Hastings. The Joint Committee of the Legislature in charge of the inaugural arrangements and the Chief Marshal, have issued the final orders for the ceremonies and the parade.

General Hastings spent the day quietly at the residence of Mrs. Richard J. Halderman, attending the Pine street Presbyterian church this morning with Mrs. Hastings. At 10.30 to-morrow they will be the guests of Governor and Miss Pattison at the Executive Mansion.

The inaugural ceremonies will take place at the capitol at 12 o'clock Tuesday. Chief Justice Sterrett will administer the oath and Rev. Mr. Houck, of Houck, of Hazleton, will make the prayer. The inaugural address will be comparatively brief.

From 6 to 8 the Governor and Mrs. Hastings will give a dinner to the members of the cabinet and their wives, who will assist in receiving at the public reception in the evening.

Moore Had to Resign.

New York, January 14.—Frederick G. Moore, the well known wing shot, has been forced to resign from the aristocratic Carteret Gun club of Bergen Point on account of some remarks he made last summer on the alleged unfair treatment of American wing shots in England. The Carteret Gun club, through its secretary, has made an apology for Moore's remarks. Last spring Moore, with other well known club men and wing shots, went abroad to take part in pigeon shooting matches and sweepstake events at the Hurlingham club and the Gun club grounds near London. The American club men had poor success, and started a quiet little investigation, which indicated that there had been a trick to beat them. Moore gave the news to a New York paper, and an international club controversy ensued, ending in the resignation and apology mentioned.

Females in a Vendetta.

Douglas, Ga., Jan. 14.—A feud between the Rhymes and Roberts families, who live near here, has involved the female members of both and culminated Friday afternoon in an appeal to arms. Mrs. Nancy Rhymes and her two daughters met Mrs. Roberts and her three daughters and they fought viciously with fists and clubs. During the engagement one of the Rhymes girls drew a knife and stabbed the three Roberts girls, whose wounds may result fatally.

Died from Her Burns.

Steubenville, O., Jan. 15.—A 3-year-old daughter of Chris Rehling died to-day from frightful burns she received several days ago. The family lived west of this of this city on a farm and while playing in front of gate, the child's dress caught fire. Her screams brought her mother, who tried to smother the flames, burning her hands by so doing. The child was frightfully burned on her face, breast and abdomen.

Hastings Inaugurated.

SWORN IN BY CHIEF JUSTICE STERRETT

AT HIGH NOON TO-DAY.

Imposing Ceremonies—Thousands in Attendance—The Inaugural Address in Full.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 15.—(Special.) It is now Governor Daniel H. Hastings. This has been a great day for Harrisburg. Over ten thousand visitors thronged the State capital, notwithstanding the weather was quite frosty along the river front. Politicians were here from all over the state, and every hotel was crowded to its utmost capacity. The program for the inaugural ceremonies was similar to that on all such like occasions.

This morning the chief marshal and staff, Brig. Gen. Gobin, Allen B. Rorke, marshal second division, and staff; Maj. I. B. Brown, marshal third division and staff; Charles F. Deiker, marshal fourth division and staff; State College Cadets, guard of honor, Lieut. E. W. Caskey, United States Army, commanding and the Governor's Troop escorted from the executive mansion to the capital the Governor, Governor-elect, Lieutenant Governor, Lieutenant Governor-elect, justice of the Supreme court, joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives, heads of the departments and the other invited guests in the following order:

Gov. Pattison, Gov-elect Hastings, Rev. William A. Houck, Senator George Handy Smith in the first carriage, to be followed by other officials and guests in the following order:

Ex-Gov. Beaver, Lieut, Gov. Watres, Lieut. Gov.-elect Lyon, C. Wesley Thomas, president pro tem. of the Senate.

James J. Sterrett, chief justice of the Supreme court of Pennsylvania; Henry Green, Henry W. Williams, Edward N. Paxson, ex-chief justice.

J. Brewster McCollum, James T. Mitchell, John Dean, D. Newlin Fell, justices of the Supreme court.

John W. Simonton, president judge Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county; John B. McPherson, additional law judge.

Henry Walton, Speaker of the House of Representatives; C. Harry Fletcher, secretary Inaugural committee.

D. Mc. Gregg, Auditor General; Amos H. Mylin, Auditor General-elect; Samuel M. Jackson, State Treasurer; B. F. Gilkeson, chairman Republican State committee.

Thomas J. Stewart, secretary of Internal Affairs; William J. Latta, secretary-elect; William F. Harrity, secretary of the Commonwealth; Frank Reeder.

W. U. Hensel, Attorney General; H. C. McCormick, next Attorney General; Geo. B. Luper, Insurance Commissioner; Col. James H. Lambert, next Insurance Commissioner.

Charles H. Krumbnaar, Superintendent of Banking; A. L. Tilden, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth; James A. Stranahan, Deputy Attorney General; N. C. Schaeffer, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Senators William Flinn, Porter, McCarroll, Cochran, members of joint legislative inaugural committee.

Then followed a number of other officials and lastly the officers of the National Guard, the whole followed by a military and civic parade numbering fully five thousand men. The procession marched from the Executive Mansion to the capital where the inaugural ceremonies took place Chief Justice Sterrett, of Pittsburg, administering the oath of office, and Rev. W. A. Houck offering prayer. Then followed the reading of the inaugural address.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the column reformed and marched back to the Executive Mansion, and once again a Bellefonte citizen will control the helm of State for the ensuing four years.

This Strike May be Settled.

DuBois, Pa., January 13.—The Bell, Lewis & Yates striking miners at DuBois and Reynoldsville had a conference with Mr. Bell on Friday, and as a result they are hopeful of an early settlement of the strike. Mr. Bell has returned to Buffalo, accompanied by General Manager Elliott, for the purpose of holding a consultation with his firm, and Mr. Elliott is expected to return here to-morrow when the company's response will be received. The miners ask that all discharged men be taken back, being willing to do with less work in order to give the discharged miners employment. Great hardship will undoubtedly ensue unless the strike is settled this week.

May Be Tied Up.

Brooklyn, January 13.—That the Brooklyn trolley lines will be tied up is now pretty certain, but just exactly when is the question. From what can be learned from the men and the few leaders seen the tie-up will probably take place to-morrow morning at 5 o'clock. As the car companies offered no concession, the men say there is nothing to do but strike.

A Dangerous Position.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 15.—William Larue and Michael Hammond, two watchmen, employed at the Inlet pier got their last supply of food a week ago today. This supply is calculated to last them five days; since then they have been shut off from communication with land except by signals Yesterday they put out signal for help and it has been flying ever since. The ferryboat Niagara attempted to get them today but the slush ice in the river was so thick she could not make the trip.

The Inlet pier is where the city taps Niagara river for its water supply. The stream is very swift at this point and two men live on the pier all winter to keep the entrance free from ice. They are supplied with food every five days and never come to land. The slush ice has been two to three feet deep for three days past, and it is impossible for any boat to make a landing at the pier.

Looking from the water works with a telescope it can be seen that the entrance is blocked with slush ice so that the men have evidently given up trying to cope with the task of keeping it clear. It is believed that the men must have had enough food to last them up to this time by economy, but if the run of ice continues there is no way of getting food to them and they will starve. To-morrow the captain of the Niagara will try to make a run to the pier if the ice is not too heavy.

Foster on the Weather.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from 14th to 18th, and of the next, from Japan by way of Behring sea, will reach the Pacific coast about the 18th, cross the western mountain country by close of 19th, the Missouri valley and western Texas 20th, Mississippi valley, eastern Texas and upper lakes 21st, Ohio valley, lower lakes and east gulf states 22d, and the eastern states 23d. The warm wave will cross the western mountain country about 18th, the great central valleys 20th, and the eastern states 22d. The cool wave will cross the western mountain country about 21st, the great central valleys 23rd and the eastern states 25th. This disturbance will large increase the rainfall of this month, a considerable portion of which, in the northern states, will be snow. The cold wave will be most severe in the eastern states, and snows may be expected in the far west about 20th, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys 22d, Ohio valley 23d and New England 24th. The month will close with cold weather in eastern states and rising temperature in the west.

It is a shameful spectacle that has been presented almost ever since the result of the November elections was announced, that of hundreds of able bodied men crowding the streets of Bellefonte, overrunning the residence of the governor elect robbing him of all leisure, a thousand men importuning him for a single place. If the leaders of the Republican party in Pennsylvania were as wise and as patriotic as they ought to be they would straightway proceed to enact a comprehensive civil service law under which all the officers, save heads of departments, would be chosen by competitive examination, without reference to partisan opinions. They would render themselves substantial service by causing the horde of office-seekers to melt away; they would serve the state by securing a better class of minor officers and they would serve the party by putting an end to faction.—Altoona Tribune,

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The Bell, Lewis & Yates striking miners at DuBois and Reynoldsville had a conference with Mr. Bell on Friday, and as a result they are hopeful of an early settlement of the strike. Mr. Bell has returned to Buffalo, accompanied by General Manager Elliott, for the purpose of holding a consultation with his firm, and Mr. Elliott is expected to return to DuBois to-day when the company's response will be received. The miners ask that all discharged men be taken back, being willing to do with less work in order to give the discharged miners employment. Great hardships will undoubtedly ensue unless the strike is settled this week.

Additions to State College's Faculty.

The short agricultural and creamery courses opened yesterday with forty-eight students, representing nineteen counties of Pennsylvania and the states of New York, New Jersey and Ohio. Additions to the regular college teaching force have been made in H. B. Gurler, late expert on dairy awards at the World's fair; C. S. Beech, from the dairy bacteriological labratory at Madison, Wis., and Leonard Pearson, of Philadelphia.

HE STOLE $80,000

And When the Defalcation Was Found Shot and Killed Himself.

Dover, N. H., January 14.—Isaac F. Abbott, an old and respected citizen of this place and cashier of the Dover National band, was found to-day to be a defaulter to an amount estimated to be about $80,000 and when officers went to his residence to arrest him this afternoon he shot and killed himself.

The discovery of the defalcation was made by Bank Examiner Dorr, who began an examination of the bank last Friday. He asked Mr, Abbott certain questions which the cashier would answer next morning. When the examiner came again Saturday morning it was found that the safe could not be opened, and Mr. Abbott failed to appear. He was at home and said that he would explain all Monday.

The refusal of the cashier to say anything was brought to attention of the bank officials, and Examiner Dorr at once declared Abbott a defaulter.

Mr. Abbott remained at home all day and Chief of Police Fogerty detailed police officers to guard the house. The object of setting the time lock ahead was to give him time. Abbott stated that the vault would open this morning at 9 o'clock. When the vault was unlocked, Bank Examiner Dorr posted a notice that the bank had suspended business until its affairs could be straightened out. At 3 o'clock this afternoon a brother of Abbott heard the report of a pistol, and rushing to his brother's room, found him lying on the floor with his face shattered and covered with blood. Life was extinct. It was believed the dead cashier has left a detailed statement for Examiner Door. Intense excitement prevails as Abbott was also cashier of the five cent saving bank, and was city treasurer. Abbott was born here and was cashier of the bank for nearly twenty years. He was clerk in the bank before that. The Dover National bank is quite an old institution and has capital stock of $100,000, and a surplus of $2[illegible],000. State Bank Commissioners Lyford and Hatch arrived to-day and took charge of the bank. They make the statement that the bank is all right. Abbott's bond was issued for $20,000 by the North American Guarantee company of Montreal, who have been apprised of the default. The city's money on deposit is said to be safe. The stockholders will have to make good the deficiency in the bank.

Defaulter Abbott, of the Dover National bank, who committed suicide just before he was to be arrested this afternoon, left in his brother's possession a statement o his defalcations in an envelope addressed to Examiner Dorr. That gentleman promised to make the statement public, but said, after due consideration, that he would not give it out. He said, however, that the statement was not detailed, but only left clues for him to follow. He could not state the amount of the shortage, but it is stated by some insiders that the amount is not far off from $80,000. It is hinted that Abbott has not been a thief in the common sense of the word, but made his first inroad on the money belonging to the bank to help out a friend.

A Well-Kept Hand.

A beautiful hand is not always possible to acquire, but a thoroughly well-kept one may be had without the art of manicure, and by even simpler measures than these. To begin with, the hands should always be washed in very hot water, or, better yet, in warm oatmeal water. Failing this, a few drops of tincture of benzoin in the water add greatly to the whiteness and softness of the skin, and also conduce to the beautifying of the nails. When the hands are thoroughly clean, rinse them in clean warm water into which a teaspoonful of almond meal has been thrown. Dry the hands on a soft towel and immediately rub them with the following mixture: one part pure glycerine, one part lemon juice, one part rose water. This can be prepared either for immediate use or kept in a bottle for three or four days at a time.

Twice a week the nails may be rubbed with this varnish: Half an ounce pistachio oil, 32 grains table salt, 33 grains powdered rosin, 33 grains ground alum, 80 grains melted white wax, 2 grains fine carmine. These ingredients should be thoroughly mixed over a spirit lamp, made into a kind of pomatum and preserved in a small glass or porcelain jar. It should be applied to the nail by a tiny wad of medicated cotton and allowed to remain for half an hour. The membrane of the root of the nails should then be carefully pushed back with the rounded end of an ivory nail file, and the "idle skins" that often grows at the root of the nail cut away with a pair of very sharp scissors. When this is done the nail should be polished with the so-called "diamond powder," a small quantity of which is put on a chamois-skin nail polisher. The hands are then washed in hot oat meal water, well dried on a very fine towel, and finally the nails are polished once more with a soft chamois.—Voice.

The Jones Climax.

As a climax to the financial tinkering of the past few weeks, the announcement now comes from Washington that the distinguished mixer from Arkansas, Senator Jones, is preparing to come to the front with a bill which he fondly hopes will straddle all the financial chasms developed in the ranks of the dominant party since the administration came into power. This is the avowed purpose of the measure, and the brief outline of the same accompanying the announcement shows the unmistakable ability of the gentleman to detect the rocks on which a currency reform ship is liable to land in its course through the present Congress.

It is this very tendency, however, to frame financial legislation to meet the demands of party and faction, instead of treating it from the higher standpoint of the welfare of the whole people, that has placed the stamp of public condemnation upon the plans that have gone before, and there is no room to doubt that the Jones plan will be doomed to the same fate. The country has grown weary of the stupid juggling with a matter of such vast importance, by men either incapable or unwilling to grapple with it from the broader standpoints, and the universal demand is that Democracy as a party drop the whole subject at its earliest convenience.

It has been thoroughly demonstrated that the party is hopelessly divided on the issue of sound currency, and further meddling with the subject, even in the face of the reasonable assurance that no currency legislation can be passed at this session, only retards returning prosperity by still further destroying the confidence of the commercial world in the stability of the administration. The best possible use that Senator Jones can make of his measure under the circumstances is to consign it to the waste basket, and give the country a much needed rest from further financial agitation.

Every Day Observations.

A new and delightful perfume is called Napoleona. It is delicate, not very expensive, and very popular.

Bachelors of either sex occupying apartments must have a chafing dish with its many accompaniments. They are as indispensable as your comb and brush.

An easy way to launder your fine handkerchiefs is to wash them thoroughly, and put them on a looking glass, while quite wet, smooth all the wrinkles, and when they have a prettier finish than an iron can give to them,

Silver holders for bottles containing toilet waters, vaseline, perfumery and the like are most unique, and are a pleasing accessory to your dressing table.

"Cable car treatment" is the latest and economical method of reducing avoirdupois.

It is quite the proper thing nowadays to stand with your hand resting on your hip with upturned palm. The time was when such a position would call forth cruel criticism, as "plewoman," "fishwoman," and the like.

Always carry an umbrella. If the sun shines be sure it is neatly rolled and in its case. It should remain in a case when not in use, and always look fresh and new.

The correct thing in umbrella handles is a thick stick of plain wood finished at the top with a neat, strong plate of gold or silver, on which may be the owner's name or monogram.

It is most convenient to possess a small washboard if you are boarding. A small ironing board is also invaluable for pressing seams, smoothing out crushed or wrinkled finery. Both boards may have a bag made of cretonne or house linen, to conceal them.

Reclaiming 1,000,000 Acres.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 13.—A bill has been introduced in the Legislature providing for the acceptance and reclamation of the 1,000,000 acres of land donated to the State by the Government under the provision of the Carey law. The bill provides that the land shall be under the control of the State Land Board, which shall be authorized to contract with individuals or companies for the construction of irrigation works.

The land will then be thrown open for settlement, the settlers to be required to purchase water rights from the individuals or companies constructing the same. Each actual settler will be permitted to enter but 160 acres of land, which he will be required to settle on and irrigate.

Swallow It.

That is the best way to take a Ripans Tabule, best because the most pleasant. For all liver and stomach disorders Ripans Tabules are the most effective remedy, in fact, the standard.

A NORRISTOWN SENSATION.

A Man Travels Over 2,000 Miles to Whip an Insurance Agent.

Norristown, Pa., January 9.—Samuel V. Newell, of Central City, Col., ex-state senator from that state, made an assault with brass knuckles on E. S. McPherson, agent for the Northwestern Life Insurance company, located here, with their main office in Milwaukee, this afternoon. Newell claims that McPherson has been criminally intimate with his wife. McPherson formerly resided at Central City and was befriended by Newell, who is a well known politician. The latter managed to get hold of several letters and discovered the intimacy that existed between the two.

Newell left Denver on Saturday night with the intention of coming 2,000 miles to give McPherson a severe beating. In this he succeeded. On arriving in Philadelphia he registered at the Colonnade hotel under an assumed name and had his moustache dyed. He procured a wig to further disguise himself and arrived in Norristown this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock and proceeded at once to the trust company's building.

McPherson did not recognize Newell on account of the disguise and was taken by surprise. He was knocked down by a blow on the forehead with the knuckles and was badly used up. Had it not been for bystanders who went to his assistance, McPherson would probably have been killed.

Newell was taken into custody, but was not locked up. McPherson did not appear against him and he was discharged. He is 40 years old and McPherson is of about the same age.

Newell showed several letters to the chief of police, which had been written by McPherson to his wife, which showed that their relations had been of a criminal nature. He left here for Philadelphia to take the 8.50 train for Pittsburg, where his wife is now visiting relatives. She was unaware of his visit here.

A Cure For All Ills.

Harrisburg, January 9.—The Pennsylvania legislature has beaten its previous records. Bills were introduced to-day by the different members in such numbers as to make the cotton bales at the battle of New Orleans pale into insignificance. Blair county was fortunate in being out of the grand rush. There are bills for every conceivable ill with which the taxpayer and the non-taxpayer is afflicted. In the house sixty-four measures were introduced and in the senate twenty-two and the flood had only begun when the motion to adjourn was made. These bills are presumed to cure every imaginable ill as has been stated, and include many which were introduced in the behalf of institutions now being conducted for the treatment of sickness and also where persons injured may be treated. The measures were all appropriately referred.

In the house the various committees were announced and the Blair county members will be found on the following:

Hon. J. K. Patterson on judiciary general library, pensions and gratuities, retrenchment and reform.

Hon. James Pritchard is on the following: Railroads, constitutional reform, counties and townships, and printing.

Imprisoned in a Mine.

Pottsville, Jan. 9.—A heavy fall of coal in Richardson Colliery at Glen Carbon last evening imprisoned two miners, Charles Dietzel and Adam Burk, in one of the breasts. About 25 men worked vigorously all night and removed about 1,000 tons of coal, but the unfortunate men have not yet been reached. This morning the rescuers were relieved by a fresh relay of workers. The voice of one of the imprisoned men could be heard at times during the night. It is believed one of the men is crushed beneath the mass of coal and is dead. The survivor, it was believed this morning, is Dietzel, although his voice was not discernible. Fears are entertained that unless the surviving man is reached soon that damp black may accumulate and the unfortunate man will be asphyxiated. This knowledge incites the rescuers to work with much zeal. The prosecution of the work of rescue is attended with much risk to the safety of the heroic rescuers, as well as to the imprisoned men.

A State Treasurer Missing.

Pierre, S. D., January 9.—State Treasurer Taylor, who should have turned over his cash to his successor yesterday, failed to appear, and his bank—The Redfield National bank—has closed its doors. The last heard of Taylor he was in New York. On Saturday he should have had $350,000 and should have paid $190,000 to take up funding warrants in New York, His bonds are $350,000, but will stand 50 per cent shrinkage.

If the defalcation is as large as the bonds men believe it will place the state in a very embarrassing position: The limit of indebtedness has been passed largely. No warrants or bonds can be sold, and there is considerable deficiency in the revenue. Without this it would have been a difficult problem to make both ends meet, now it is impossible. Taylor has always had a high reputation as a financier and a man of integrity.

Murder Trial.

Clinton county has a murder trial in progress this week, Amasa Winchester charged with shooting William Reeder, on September 5th, at Lock Haven. District Attorney Hall and W. C. Kress, Esq., appear for the prosecution and T. C. Hipple, Esq., and A. W. Brungard for the defense.

THE LOHR CASE.

The Borough Again Wins the Famous Damage Suit in the Supreme Court.

On April 29, 1890, Isabella, wife of David Lohr, then residing in Chester Hill alleged that she suffered a serious injury by reason of tripping on a boardwalk on Fourth street, this city, and brought action against our borough for damages in the sum of $10,000. The case was first tried on August 4th, 1892, before Judge Furst, in which trial the jury gave her a verdict against the borough for $958.69. The borough authorities not being satisfied with this judgment, appealed the same to the supreme court. The supreme court reversed the lower court and sent the case back for a new trial. The case came up again for trial before Judge Furst on December 6, 1893, when Mrs. Lohr recovered a judgment against the borough for the sum of $1800. The borough authorities appealed the case again to the supreme court, and to-day a telegram was received saying that this highest authority and court of last resort has again reversed the court of common pleas, absolutely without granting a new trial, which finally disposes of the case in favor of the borough and against Mrs. Lohr.

The borough, of course, has been put to considerable expense, but it has been a wise investment, as the final decree of the supreme court shows,

The interests of the borough in this important suit, involving four different trials, have been wisely protected and cared for by John G. Love, now president judge, and W. D. Crosby, borough attorney.

The borough authorities have wisely determined to fight the Waple case in the same vigorous manner.—Philipsburg *Journal.*

Silk in America.

Although the United States has been but fifty years in the manufacture of silk goods, it is said to stand second in that branch of industry. The only nation to excel this country is France. In European factories the speed of the spindlers ranges from 2500 to 3000 revolution per minute; here it runs up to 12,000 and 15,000 per minute. These high speed spindles are not a monopoly, but with automatic attachments of one kind and another save a bor on a grand scale. There is, for example, a belt spinner, obviating the use of bands, one belt touching the fingers of all the spindles and turning them uniformly. A weaver or spinner from Europe entering an American silk factory often has difficulty in telling what process the unfamiliar machinery is engaged on. Fifty per cent. of the raw silk imported into this country comes from Japan.

A Bank Robbed of $20,000.

Defiance, O., January 9—The Merchants National bank, of this city, was broken in to by burglars on Monday evening and about $20,000 secured. The burglars entered the bank, opened the combination of the vault and then, with either powder or dynamite, blew the small safe inside the vault to pieces. After securing everything of value the burglars closed the door of the vault and battered the lock so that the bank officials could not get it open the next day. The bank people did not suspect anything wrong, but thought the lock was out of order and sent to Cincinnati for an expert. He arrived to-day and at 1 o'clock opened the safe, when the safe, when the true condition of affairs became known.

Quay' Amendment to the Income Tax.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The amendment to the income tax provision of the urgent deficiency bill, which Mr. Quay offered in the senate to-day, was as follows: Nothing in any law to the contrary shall preclude any court of the United States having jurisdiction of the parties from considering and determining as to the constitutionality or validity of so much or any part thereo as relates to the taxes upon gains, profits and incomes therein mentioned whenever, in any proceeding which shall have been commenced or be pending in such court, such question shall be presented.

That Almshouse Scandal.

Pottsville, Pa., January 9.—Notwithstanding the victory of Steward Hartman in the almshouse appointment, the county auditors today resumed their investigation into the almshouse scandal. Grant Goodman, of the wholesale firm of Goodman Bros., of Philadelphia, Pottsville and Mahanay City, testified that during 1894 boxes of oranges and apples and barrels of sweet potatoes were purchased for the alshouse. Peaches at $1.50 a basket were delivered at Poor Directors Day's house and were paid for a norder from the almshouse on the county treasurer. The investigation to-morrow when Almshouse Clerk O'Connor's books will be examined.

Wounded 48 Times in one Battle.

One of the most remarkable characters in the United States is an old soldier known to the G. A. R. man of the east as "Comrade Chase." Chase served in a Maine battle during the war, and carries the scars of nearly 100 wounds, 48 of which were received in the single battle of Gettysburg. During the "period of conflict" he is said to have received more wounds than any other man who fought on either side, and lived to tell of his marvelous escapes, and exhibit his numerous scars in proof of his wonderful story.

Children's Caps, worth from $1.00 to 1.50. Our price, 38c. C Y N & CO

That Treaty With Japan.

The gentlemen who are interested in the defeat of the new treaty between the United States and Japan, a treaty which recognizes the right of the latter country to govern itself and to try all legal matters in its own courts, are still hard at work. Mr. James Creelman has been joined by Mr. Ballard Smith who out-Creelmans Creelman.

From the notes which these individuals are making in the press, and from the fact that England, concerning whose interests in the east they seem much concerned, has already negotiated a treaty similar to the one they are trying to defeat, it looks as though they are beaten. And it is to be hoped for the credit of our country they are. For their course is a thoroughly bad one.

Their single weapon is the deplorable massacre of Chinese by the Japanese troops at Port Arthur. This event has been explained and apologized for by the Japanese authorities, while China has made no explanation of a single one of the atrocities committed by her soldiers. Nor is the fact referred to that the massacre of the Chinese was in revenge for barbarous treatment of Japanese and mutilation of their dead bodies.

In the early days of this republic when a party of pioneers returned from a hunting trip and saw that their dwellings had been reduced to ashes while the multilated bodies of their wives and children lay about, they tarried not, but started on the track of the foe. And when they came up with the war party our forefathers did not stop to exchange courtesies. They killed the savage murderers of their families, and in some instances scalped them. Only a year or two ago, out in Texas, a negro who had out raged and murdered a little girl was butchered by the enraged relatives of the child under circumstances of peculiar and awful barbarity.

It is absurd to ask the senate of the United States to reject a treaty which is based on honest principles simply because of the Port Arthur incident. To allege it as an excuse for opposing the ratification of the treaty is to admit that the one is not honest. For this alleged reason is only a pretext. It is not the real reason. That would not bear exposure to the light of day.

Don't!

There are rumors of another strike, which it is devoutly hoped will not materialize. However, the agitator is at work and it will not be his fault if this region escapes trouble. The agitator has nothing to lose and everything to gain by a strike. It is his harvest, and he lives during the strike like a fighting cock at the best hotels at the expenses of his deluded followers, who never seem to learn by bitter experience that they are the suffers and the losers.

Not a year ago, during a strike in this region, there was a conference of operators and strike leaders at Altoona. The conferees, both operators and agitators, stopped at the finest hotels in Altoona, and between sessions were hand in glove. When the conference ended the Philipsburg operators and the local strike leaders rode home from Tyrone in a special train, smoking expensive cigars and drinking the best liquors, while hundreds of miners went supperless to bed.

Shortly afterward one of the loudest mouthed agitators who was in the party received a government appointment, and at once lost all interest in the miners. He got what he was after, and the miners might go to Halifax as far as he was concerned. And this is not an exceptional case.—Philadelphia Ledger.

What a Change.

It is predicted in some of the papers of the state that there will be an effort made to change the present license law by the incoming legislature. The important change proposed is to take the power to grant licenses from the judiciary and place it in the hands of county commissioners or excise boards. This change is not asked for by the people, therefore it would be well for the legislators not to take a step which they would have occasion to regret hereafter. No doubt many of the judges would like to be relieved from this responsibility, but it is questionable whether a change would prove satisfactory to the public. We do not hesitate to express the opinion that the law had better remain as it is.—Cambria *Herald.*

Died In Philadelphia.

Word has just been received here of the death, at her home in Philadelphia, of Mrs. Mary relict of Reddy Powers, which occurred on Thursday morning, at the advanced age of 60 years. The family at one time resided in this place and it was here that Mr. Powers died. Mrs. Powers is survived by nine children, seven sons and two daughters, as follows:

Joseph, an editor in Trenton, N. J., and who first learned the printer's trade in this office; Edward, a harness dealer; Bernard, a drummer, Patrick, a butcher, Reddy, John and Harry, at Baldwin's locomotive works, and all of Philadelphia; and Mrs. James Nolan and Mrs. Michael Connelly, of this place.

Death of Mrs. Baney.

Mrs. Esther A. Baney, wife of David Baney, died at the residence of Frank Baney on East High street, Thursday night at 9 o'clock. Deceased had been ill for a long time, and was aged 68 years. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, interment in the Union cemetery.

Women at the Polls.

The illustrated papers are giving some excellent pictures of the voting places in Colorado at the recent election. They show that the Colorado women were very much in evidence on that day. Some of the illustrations represent polls which were completely surrounded by the fair but determined voters. Others show long lines of voters in which men and women seem to be scrambling to reach the ballot-box. Many women were accompanied by their husbands, and sometimes the house was divided against itself. Instances are recorded in which unmarried ladies, who were frank enough to confess that they had reached the voting age, received, and accepted invitations to accompany gentlemen to the polls. Apparently there was plenty of fun in Colorado on election day. And how the women did vote! More than 70,000 of them deposited ballots on that day. They voted 90 per cent of their total registration and cast 60 per cent of the whole vote of the state. This record surprised even the most ardent advocates of woman suffrage. When we take a political view of the subject, we find in the result of the Colorado election a strong argument in favor of woman suffrage. It is admitted that the woman determined the result. Colorado had been blighted by the rule of Populism and the administration of one of the boldest cranks who ever held a responsible office. The most enthusiastic reformers in the state were women, and but for their votes Gov. Waite would have received a new lease of power. The influence of women in restoring good government in Colorado will undoubtedly strengthen the cause of Women Suffrage throughout the country. The irony of fate is found in the fact that the governor who was overthrown by their voters who was one of the enthusiastic champions of the movement to give the ballot to women, and was largely instrumental in securing it. He builded better than he knew.

Atlanta (Ga.) Journal.
Nov. 23rd.

A Woman's Convention.

The Atlanta Journal of November 18th devoted three columns to news of the next convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association with sketches of the officers.

"The date of the next convention of the National Woman Suffrage Association to be held in Atlanta, Georgia, has been fixed for January 31st to Feb. 4th.

The hotel head-quarters of the convention will be the Aragon where the officers and several of the speakers will be the guests of Mrs. Claudia Howard Maxwell, Mrs. Marion Howard, Dr. Bolse and Miss H. Augusta Howard. Several of the speakers will be entertained by hospitable citizens.

Full information of the arrangements is not yet obtainable, but it is understood that afternoon, morning and evening sessions will be held on the first three days of the convention, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the morning and afternoon sessions being for the transaction of business. Religious services will be held on Sunday afternoon.

All sessions of the Convention will be held at De Give's opera house."

Will Apply for License.

James Reish has rented the hotel at Potters Mills, and will occupy the old hostelry of historic fame. He will apply for license from the court, and has strong influence to bear on that party. This house has not been licensed for several years, Judge Furst always refusing the petition. During the early days when the coach and four ran regularly between Bellefonte and Lewistown, the house was most liberally patronized, and a nip was necessary before and after taking the long pull over the Seven Mountains. James intends to quit farming and his brother John will continue in his stead on the Brockerhoff place, just south of the Old Fort.

That's Easy.

The mathematical editor of a Mississippi paper propounds the following query: A boy ten years old has a little sister who weighs 16 pounds, and he gets tired holding her in five minutes. When he is twice as old, how long will it take him to get tired holding some one else's sister who weighs 125 pounds.

Solving this problem by proportion shows a young man when twenty years of age is capable of holding someone else's sister one hour, 18 minutes and 7½ seconds. Give us something hard.

Trains Running Again.

The snow slides on the P. and E. road between Hyner and Wetham were cleared from the tracks last evening about 5 o'clock and traffic was resumed. Trains have been running on schedule time since. For several hours the tracks were entirely closed to the passage of trains. The employes labored under great difficulties as the snow had to be piled on the track and then hauled away. As fast as one slide was removed another would come down. The slides extended for quite a distance and were of the largest ever experienced along this division. The trains from this city and Williamsport are working at that point to-day.

New Publication.

We have received a copy of Specific Manual enlarged and revised edition by F HUMPHREYS, M. D. It will be welcomed as a Guide to those who use HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS. A copy will be sent free upon addressing the HUMPHREYS' COMPANY, NEW YORK.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN
SAPOLIO
IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

Trial List.

For the second week of January court, commencing on Monday, February 4:

Thomas L Waple vs Philipsburg borough.

Rishel & Ocker vs American Insurance company.

Catharine Reagan vs Beech Creek railroad company.

Hugh Ward vs J T Lucas.

Patrick Ward vs J T. Lucas.

Robt. Jenkinson vs J S McCargar.

J Blumenthal vs L B Frank.

Joseph Nitter & Co. vs L B Frank.

Hood, Foulkrod & Co. vs L B Frank.

Hall, Smoyer, Glase & Co vs L B Frank.

Geo W Campbell vs W F Rockey.

Ambrose McMullen Exrs. vs Cyrus Gordon et al.

J A Lukens vs Owen Jones.

Beech Valley Coal Co. vs William Resides et al.

Ellen Fisher vs Central Railroad of Penna.

J P Weber vs Simon Harper, exr.

Lucretia Peters vs P R R Co.

Geo N Hill vs Cato Mining Co.

Henry Crosby vs Cato Mining Co.

Jere Snarer vs Agricultural Ins. Co.

Martha Oswalt vs Hartford Ins. Co,

Wm L McDowell vs G S Fiegal.

E E Brown & Co. vs H E Jenkins et al.

A A Shunway vs L B Frank.

Emily Alexander vs George M Boal, admr.

Daniel Hess vs George M Boal, admr.

Obituary.

Miss Anabel Bitner, youngest daughter of Christian and Isabel Bitner, died at the home of her parents near Beech Creek, December 29, 1894, after an illness of four weeks with typhoid fever, aged 25 years, 2 months and 3 days. The entire community was shocked by the news of her death. As we viewed her cold and lifeless form in the casket, tears filling our eyes, we could but say, a dutiful daughter, loving sister and affectionate friend has gone from this earthly home. Her death leaves a vacant place which cannot be filled, both in the home circle and among her many friends, for to know her was to love her. The deceased leaves a father, mother, two sisters, three brothers, and a large circle of friends to mourn her early death. The funeral services were conducted by Elders M. S. Blair and William Long, on Monday, at the Christian church, Eagleville; interment in the cemetery. The pall bearers were Leary Miller, Elmer Peters, Oliver Bitner, Charles Cook, James and Joseph Swartz.

D. E. B.

Fatal Accident in The West.

News reached here on Saturday of the sad and shocking death of Mr. G. W Shafer, son of Mr. Geo. Shafer, of Madisonburg, which occurred at Joplin, Mo. on last Saturday. Mr. Shafer had taken a load of wheat to the R R. station at that place and was just driving off the scales when the team of horses took fright and ran away. The heavy wagon upset and Mr. Shafer was thrown under the load and received injuries which two hours later resulted in his death. The unfortunate man leaves a family to mourn his untimely demise. The remains were buried in his western home.

Faber's Lead Pencils.

We have received from A. W. Faber, New York, a package of samples of lead pencils and find them to be the very best, not only for editorial use, but for all kinds of mercantile and commercial work. Faber's is the standard make of pencils and if you want a good one, when you buy a pencil ask for his make. They are all stamped, so that you cannot be imposed upon.

Turney Gains Something.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 11.—The Democrats in the State Senate won a partial victory this afternoon by the passage of a resolution, by a vote of 19 to 14, postponing the counting of the votes of the gubernatorial election until an investigation can be made. This is the position the Democrats have steadily maintained under the leadership of Gov. Turney, who claims to have been re-elected, while the Republicans have contended for an immediate count of the votes, Henry C. Evans having been elected on the face of the returns.

In the House this morning Mr. Robertson, Democrat, read a letter from W. A. Davis, a Republican member from Dixon county, in which Davis stated that a lot of Republican money was floating about and that he could get some of it for his vote.

VITALIS
Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day. VITALIS 10th Day. THE GREAT 20th Day. FRENCH REMEDY
Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address CRESCENT MEDICAL COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.
For sale by Kramarine Bros. Bellfonte, Pa.

A NARROW ESCAPE!
How it Happened.
The following remarkable event in a lady's life will interest the reader: "For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I couldn't sweep a room without sitting down and resting; but, thank God, by the help of New Heart Cure all that is past and I feel like another woman. Before using the New Heart Cure I had taken different so-called remedies and been treated by doctors without any benefit until I was both discouraged and disgusted. My husband bought me a bottle of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and am happy to say I never recretted it, as I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. I weighed 125 pounds when I began taking the remedy, and now I weigh 130½. Its effect in my case has been truly marvelous. It far surpasses any other medicine I have ever taken or any benefit I ever received from physicians."—Mrs. Harry Starr, Pottsville, Pa., October 12, 1892.
Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists, or by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles $5, express prepaid. This great discovery by an eminent specialist in heart disease, contains neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

AN IMPORTANT CLUB OFFER
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE

BY special arangement with the publishers we are enabled to offer SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE for 1895 and a full years subscription to

The Bellefonte Republican

For $3.75

If purchased separately these periodicals would cost $4.50.

IT IS THE PLAN OF SCRIBNER'S to give its readers next year a history of the past 25 years in the United States, (1894-95.) These years have been unparralleled in the history of the world for national development and material progress. The narrative will be written in a graphic and picturesque style by President Andrews, of Brown University, and capable artists will illustrate it.

ROBERT GRANT whose "Reflections of a Married Man" will long be remembered, has written a series of articles on "The Art of Living," in which he seeks himself to solve, as far as such problems can be solved, questions which beset every well-to-do family. The Income—The dwelling—Household Expenses—Education of Children—Married and Single Life—The Summer Problem, etc., etc. Beautifully illustrated.

GEORGE MEREDITH, whom more than one good authority has pronounced the greatest of living novelists, has written a strong serial, "The Amazing Marriage" to begin in January.

W. D. HOWELLS, will contribute a novel entitled "The Story of a Play."

IN THE LAND OF DON QUIXOTE will be a series of three sketches illustrated by Daniel Vierge's wonderful drawings.

SINGLE ARTICLES in great variety have been arranged for and the illustrations will be eleborate.

Scribner's For 1895 Will Be Better Than Ever.

If you desire only SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE remit $3.00 to the Publishers:

CHAS. SCRIBNER'S SONS,
153-157 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

Hastings' Reception.

The reception tendered General Hastings and family as a farewell on Friday evening in the Armory was a most glowing tribute to the esteem in which they are all held by the people of Bellefonte and vicinity. Over one thousand persons thronged the building from 8.30 to 10.30 o'clock shaking hands and bidding adieu to the departing guests. The hall was beautifully decorated and the Undine orchestra furnished the music for the occasion. A few speeches were made and then Gen. Hastings was introduced and spoke briefly as follows:

I am very much gratified and very much touched by this impromptu reception given me by my friends and neighbors in Bellefonte on the eve of my departure to assume the executive office at Harrisburg. I do not think it is necessary for me to assure anyone of this large company that the controlling purpose of my official life for the next four years will be so to conduct myself in the discharge of my public duties that I may at the end thereof return to Bellefonte still possessing the confidence and personal friendship of those who have come here to-night to say good bye and God speed.

2,500 heavy winter flannel shirts, worth $1.25, our price, 50 cents.

LYON & CO.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

SULPHUR BITTERS. Why suffer with boils? Why have with that terrible Headache? Why lay and toss on that bed of pain, with Rheumatism? What makes you tremble so? Your nerves are all unstrung, and need a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is just the remedy you require. Be sure and get Sulphur Bitters which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other preparations, a cheap Rum or Poor Whiskey drink, to be taken by the glass, like other classes or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. They will cure you when you are long sick who uses No person can remain long sick who uses

SULPHUR Bitters

The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied.

Get it of your Druggist.

DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS They never fail to cure.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

FREE TRIAL

Convince the skeptical spirit the way which if followed leads to

VIGOROUS HEALTH!

Prof. HARRIS' SCIENTIFIC MEDICATED

Pastille

THE PASTILLE CURE TRADE MARK FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY

Has been put up in a proprietary form since 1878, and has been used for years prior to that time in private practice. It is no untried nostrum, of doubtful reputation, but a genuine specific for a very prevalent disease. Thousands of men, of all ages, have at some time in life brought on nervous debility and exhaustion, with organic weakness, by over brain work, excesses, too frequent indulgence or indiscretion and vicious habits, and it is to those that we offer a remedy that will, by its direct action upon the seat of the disease, stop the drain and restore the patient to vigorous health and strength.

Our method of introducing Prof. Harris' Pastille treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of extreme beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment. Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their sexual condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: $3 for one month; $5 for two months; $7 for three months.

These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SCIENTIFIC MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

All communications confidential and should be addressed to

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If afflicted with CANCER or Tumors, write for book and mode of treatment to Dr McMichael, 75 W. Tupper St., Buffalo N. Y

IVORY SOAP

IVORY

IT FLOATS

FORTY MILLION CAKES YEARLY.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

News and Notes.

Exports of wheat from San Francisco last week were two cargoes.

It is expected that the first cargo of the new wheat crop will be shipped from Buenos Ayres to-day.

The Yankton reservation, in South Dakota, probably will be opened for settlement early in the spring.

The Red Cross society of Germany will send 10,000 marks to the Red Cross society of Japan to aid its work in the field.

At the office of the New York health board it is said that there are fully 3,000 cases of grip in the city at the present time.

The hearing of the case of John G Moore to test the constitutionality of the income tax law will be held at Washington on the 15th inst.

A general investigation on the advance of machinery in the industrial work and its effect on labor has been begun by the bureau of labor.

The Central Traffic association, at its last meeting in Chicago, created the office of freight commissioner and appointed C. H. McKnight to fill it.

William college has received $20,000 from the estate of Mme. Sourberbeilie, who recently died abroad. It is to be a memorial of her father, Horace F. Clark, of the class of 1833.

The establishment of a national graduate school of forestry under the direction of the agricultural department, is provided for in a bill introduced by Representative Haines, of Nebraska.

Mrs. Rosie McDonald, who died at Lockport, near Chicago, the other day, was 104 years old. Her father, was removed his family to Lockport in 1848, lived to be 102, and his three sons were over 90 when they died, all in the same place,

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, has concluded not to make a contest for his seat in the Fifty-fourth congress. He will devote himself to his farm, but says he may return to congress two years hence. His friends are booming him for governor.

At the recent dinner of the Union league, in Chicago, Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, told that rigid civil reform was the prime requisite to the better government of cities, and that the fire and police departments must be absolutely divorced from politics.

Granville Castle, of Howesville, W. Va., owns a dangerous and vicious Poland China boar. He was going through the lot when the boar attacked him, goring him in the left leg frightfully when its tusks, almost severing the leg. The large tendon was severed and two or three arties, which produced a frightful lacerated wound.

David McClure, appointed by the surrogate of New York an appraiser to ascertain for taxation the value of the personal estate of Jay Gould, who died in December, 1892, has made a report in which he finds the whole personal estate left by Gould to have been worth at the time of his death $80,937,580,79. Mr. Gould left only about $2,000,000 in reality.

Physical Culture.

What is the purpose of physical culture?

1st. To bring about a physical harmony of muscular action.

2nd. To develop muscle where it has hitherto been lacking or dormant.

3rd. To communicate motion to vital organs underlying muscular tissue.

4th. It has also everything to do with voice building—(1) By imparting to the pupil a thorough knowledge of the art of breathing and the uses of the diaphragm. (2) By enlarging the cavities of the lower lobe of the lungs, thus giving great power, prolongation and confidence of vocal delivery. (3) It makes the act of singing a muscular movement, natural and free, so that one may sing or speak for hours without injury to the vocal organs, thus the throat is developed instead of impaired. (4) It gives one a grace and repose of manner, by teaching command of the various muscles, and teaches a stage etiquette and deportment which is pleasing to the eye of the listener and invaluable as an aid to the singer.

"Dixie's Land"

Read what the DuBois Courier of yesterday says: "Dixie's Land at the opera house last night pleased the audience. Everybody laughed till the tears came. The company as a whole is a good colored company. Some of the company are real good actors, though acting is not their strong point. They are funny coons, especially Dick Dobson, whose antics and expressions would wreath the face of a flat iron in smiles, if not make it laugh outright. The singing and dancing was great, the orchestra quaint and pleasing. They had a fair house but not what they deserved. If they return soon it may be predicted that standing room will be at a premium.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Is There Distress in Nebraska?

There is still a fatal variation in the news from Nebraska. From many quarters come appeals for help. They come in the shape of letters generally from ministers located in the region where the destitution prevails to their brethern in the East. Appeals for aid also appear in Nebraska county papers, but the Omaha "Bee," reflecting no doubt the feelings of Omaha merchants, continues to belittle the tale of distress and deprecate the appeals for aid.

In its issue of January 6 the "Bee" prints the views of leading merchants on the subject. Says one: "It is detrimental to the interest of Nebraska to see relief trains headed this way. It is an awful break to advertise Nebraska in this manner, and it will do to the State a great deal of harm." Another merchant observes: "There is destitution among farmers in the drouth counties to some extent, but I believe that the situation has possibly been colored by word painters." Another merchant is willing to admit that there is hard times in Nebraska in his own particular line, but sees a ray of hope ahead. He says: "If we can have a good cold snap, plenty of snow and some bad weather within the next few weeks it will make business good among the jobbers."

The relief trains we understand are not for the Omaha jobbers who fear that their credit will be hurt by the reports of hard times in Western Nebraska. The men and women on the prairies, with scarcely any food, without fuel and insufficiently supplied with clothing are certainly not joining in this Omaha prayer for a cold snap, snow and bad weather. There seems to be a wide divergence of the views between Omaha and the drouth stricken farm lands. The stories of distress may be exaggerated, but we suspect they are nearer the truth than the merchants of Omaha would wish us to believe. It will hurt Omaha less to have relief trains going to Nebraska than to stop trains that ought to go there in order to preserve the credit of Omaha merchants. We cannot believe that any such motives really actuate the Omaha decriers of the reports of distress from 200 miles west of them, but there is a remarkable discrepancy in the reports which ought to be explained and rectified.

In Other Counties.

Somerset reports three cases of scarlet fever.

Judge Archibald, of Lackawanna, will preside at Somerset's court next week.

The booming high water in the Susquehanna river at Clearfield has been held within the banks by the cessation of the rain and cold weather.

Howard, expects to have a new industry at that place in the shape of a brick plant. A company with $25,000 capital is being organized for that purpose.

Judge John G. Love, of Bellefonte, held his first court in Huntingdon this week. The Local News says he made a very favorable impression upon lawyers, suitors and spectators.

The citizens of Bellefonte, without distinction of party, will give Governor-elect Hastings a farewell reception at the armory of company B, Fifth regiment, this evening from 8.30 to 10.30 o'clock.

Mr. J. P. Linn, of Cook's Run, Clinton county, recently cut a "bee tree" from which he took 178 pounds of honey. There was a solid mass of comb and honey in the tree nine feet deep.

The Berwind-White Coal company has awarded a contract for the erection of twenty double frame dwelling houses in Dulo, Cambria county, to Greensburg contractors. This means more extensive coal operations in Dunlo.

James McKenzie in the Clinton county court plead guilty of highway robbery and was sentenced to two years in the western penitentiary. He is the man who knocked down and robbed Charles Boyer, of Julian Furnace, at Lock Haven last fall.

Lock Haven Democrat: One of the rarities of a January winter spell is a cherry tree in blossom on east Water street. The tree is in the yard of Ed. Killinger, formerly the old Sylvis homestead. A twig taken from the tree has several blossoms and many well developed buds.

Somerset Herald: Rev. C. U. Heilman mentioned of whose sickness was made last week, is still confined to his room at the Somerset house. His condition is very much improved and his friends hope that he will be able to return to his home in Greencastle, Pa., in the course of a few days.

Two young and very prettily dressed women created a sensation in a hotel at Greensburg last week. "I have twenty-three children," said the queenly blond. "That's nothing, I expect to have forty next year," said the other beauty, with a resigned look. It was all right after they explained to the landlord that they were school teachers and were there attending the institute.

The World of Labor.

There are fifty metals.

Texas invites immigrants.

There are yellow rubbers.

There are 6,208 lighthouses.

Cabs are heated in Berlin.

Molasses is made from maize.

England eats Australian eggs.

Seamless stockings gain favor.

Boston demands a half-cent coin.

Rice paper is not made from rice.

West Virginia has 2,000 oil wells.

Russian milkmaids wear trousers.

Uncle Sam has forty whaling vessels

World's railways cost $33,500,000,000.

Police cost New York $5,500,000 a year.

New York has 1,000 Chinese laundries.

Women edit twenty-two Kansas papers.

New York boasts a $250,000 mausoleum.

Switzerland railroads stretch 1,950 miles

American railways have 750,000 employes.

Amsterdam has a 2,649 foot deep gold mine.

Seven million miles of thread are annually used in the United States.

The United States uses nearly half the quinine produced in the world.

A new telegraphic invention will convey 2,000 words a minute over the wires.

The average wheat yield in England is said to be thirty-six bushels to the acre.

Elephant skins are tanned to make carpets. They never wear out, but are expensive.

About 60,000 acres has been reclaimed in Ireland the past year from bog and marsh lands.

The leather apron worn by the blacksmith is mentioned by Piny as in use in his time.

The annual consumption of tobacco in the United States is about sixty ounces to every inhabitant.

In Greenland the "candle fish" is used as a lamp. It is about six inches long and burns fifteen minutes.

The electric cars in Frankfort-on-the-Main have been supplied with stoves after the American pattern.

John Floyd, a colored carpenter of Augusta, Me., has named his four sons Jay Gould, Vanderbilt, Rockefeller and Phil Armour.

The longest continuous street railway in the United States is the forty-two mile strip from Lowell to Haverhill, Mass.

The director of the Austrian railroad had a locomotive constructed which makes a run of seventy-four miles an hour.

Keys of bronze and iron have been found in Greece and Italy, dating from at least the seventh century before Christ.

A musical instrument, the pyrophone, has been invented, which extracts all the tones of the scale from gas flames.

Corner lots on Fleet street, Piccadilly, and other desirable business locations in London are worth $100,000 a front foot.

The prohibition town of Portland, Me., uses $70,000 worth of liquor every year for "medicinal and mechanical purposes."

Says the New York Sun: The blanket of violets that almost hid from view the casket of a prominent banker who died last week cost $900.

Trout Fry.

The state fish commission is receiving applications for trout fry for liberation in the trout streams of the commonwealth. The distribution will begin the latter part of March and continue through April, May and June. Persons desiring fry must have their applications endorsed by the state senator or representative from their district.

Cures Rising Breast "Mothers' Friend"

. . . Is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "MOTHERS' FRIEND" was used it accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. MRS. M. M. BREWSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by Express or Mail, on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Book "To Mothers" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CHATTERBOX

THE KING OF JUVENILES. No book has ever been made for young people which compares in value, or has had one-tenth the sale of this great annual. Millions of copies have been sold. The new volume for 1895 is just ready, and has over 800 large and entirely new pictures, several new stories, (each a book in itself), and hundreds of short stories, anecdotes, etc. The best Xmas present possible for boys and girls of all ages. Order from your bookseller or of us,

ESTES & LAURIAT, Publishers, Boston.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with descriptions. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON D. C.

A DIVIDEND PAYER.

The Gold Dollar Mining Company

OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO.

Organized under Laws of Colorado, Capital Stock, 750,000 shares, par value one dollar each.

FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.

Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.

In January, 1894, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2400 per annum on the amount invested.

H H OFFICER, Sec. and Treas.

A limited amount of the shares are now offered

AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE.

Stock, Prospectus and experts report may be obtained from the banking house of

H R LOUNSBERY, 57 Broadway, N. Y.

The ART AMATEUR

BEST AND LARGEST PRACTICAL ART MAGAZINE

(The only Art Periodical awarded a Medal at the World's Fair.)

Invaluable to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their homes beautiful.

FOR 10c. we will send to any one mentioning this publication, a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price 35c). Or for 25c. we will send also "Paintings for Beginners" (90 pages,)

MONTAGUE MARKS, 22 Union Square, N. Y.

22-tf

GOOD SALARY. To live active men steady employment with liberal salary and expenses. Previous experience not required. Terms and outfit free. Address, stating age, SEARS, HENRY & CO., Geneva, N. Y., Seneca Nurseries. Established 1865. 22 tf

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ASTHMA CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Tired Feeling. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by Druggists. Address PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by C. M. PARRISH, Druggists, Bellefonte, Pa.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

Wheat and Grass

grow best when planted with Pure Bone Dust. A fertiliser that always brings a crop, always improves the soil. Sold direct to farmers $27.00 per ton. No agents. Samples free.

York Chemical Works, York, Pa.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

A Library in Itself. It also gives the often desired information concerning eminent persons; facts concerning the countries, cities, towns, and natural features of the globe; particulars concerning noted fictitious persons and places; translation of foreign quotations, words, and proverbs; etc., etc., etc.

Everybody should own this Dictionary. It answers all questions concerning the history, spelling, pronunciation, and meaning of words.

This Work is Invaluable in the household, and to the teacher, scholar, professional man, and self-educator.

Sold by All Booksellers.

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Do not buy cheap photographic reprints of ancient editions.

Send for free prospectus.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

You ought to get Dr. Day's Strong Cough Syrup.

2 -2-3m

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. Return this advertisement and get TEN DAYS TREATMENT FREE. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Pennsylvania Railroad

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 26th, 1894.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 5 24 a m, arrive at Tyrone 6 40 a m, at Altoona 7 40 a m, at Pittsburg 12 10 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 10 34 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11 52 a m, at Altoona 1 45 p m, at Pittsburg 6 50 p m.

Leave Bellefonte at 5 14 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6 35, Altoona 7 40 Pittsburg 11 30.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 5 24 a m arrive at Tyrone 6 40 at Harrisburg 9 30 a m, at Philadelphia 12 17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 10 34 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11 52 a m, at Harrisburg 3 20 p m, at Philadelphia 6 50 p m.

Leave Bellefonte at 5 14 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6 35 at Harrisburg at 10 20 p m, at Philadelphia at 4 30 a m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte at 9 52 a m, arrive at Lock Haven at 10 35 a m.

Leave Bellefonte at 4 52 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 5 49 p m at Renovo at 9 p m.

Leave Bellefonte at 8 43 p m, arrive at Lock Haven at 9 40 p m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte at 9 32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10 35, arrive at Williamsport 12 30 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3 30 p m, at Philadelphia at 6 50 p m.

Leave Bellefonte at 4 52 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 5 49 p m, Williamsport 6 45 p m, Harrisburg 10 00 p m

Leave Bellefonte at 8 43 p m, arrive at Lock Haven, 9 40 p m, arrive at Williamsport 12 15 a m, leave Harrisburg 3 45 a m, arrive at Philadelphia at 6 52 a m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, November 26th, 1895

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 30	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	f4 33	9 41	f4 19
Mill Hall	3.1	f4 15	9 43	f4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	f4 46	9 54	f4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	5 48	9 57	f4 35
Howard	14.5	f5 57	10 06	f4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	f6 03	10 12	f4 50
Curtin	19.9	6 07	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	6 14	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	6 24	10 34	5 14
Milesburg	23.5	6 34	10 44	5 27
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	6 37	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	6 44	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	f6 53	11 03	5 46
Martha	37.0	f6 01	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	7 08	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	f7 15	f11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	f7 17	f11 29	6 12
Dix—f	46.2	f7 20	f11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	7 26	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	a7 30	a11 42	a6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	a7 34	a11 46	a6 29
TYRONE	54.3	7 40	11 52	6 35

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 10	2 34	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 16	3 40	7 31
Vail	2.1	8 20	3 44	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 24	3 48	7 39
Dix—f	8.	f8 30	f3 54	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	f8 33	f3 57	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	f8 35	f3 59	7 50
Port Matilda	13.9	8 42	4 06	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	4 13	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 22	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	4 31	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 17	4 39	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	4 42	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 33	4 52	8 43
Milesburg	30.8	9 46	5 02	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 53	5 10	9 01
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	f10 00	f5 14	9 05
Howard	39.8	10 06	5 20	9 14
Eagleville—f	44.4	f10 18	f5 29	9 23
Beech Creek	41.0	10 18	5 32	9 23
Mill Hall	51.8	10 29	5 43	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	5 45	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	f10 35	f5 49	9 40

"A" Stop on notice to conductor to let off passengers.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R—Time Table in effect Nov 5, 1894

Dis.	Westward				Eastward		
		a.m.	p.m.		a.m	p.m
0	5.45	1 58		MONTANDON	9 10	4 55
1.5	5.50	2 03		LEWISBURG	9 05	4 47
1.6	6.10	2 08		Lv. LEWISBURG. Ar	9 00	4 47
5.0	6.23	2 17		Biehl f	8 51	4 39
7.1	6.28	2 24		Vicksburg f	8 47	4 35
10.8	6.37	2 31		MIFFLINBURG	8 38	4 27
13.2	6.42	2 36		Barber f	8 33	4 22
15.3	6.47	2 41		Swengle f	8 27	4 17
16.3	6.50	2 43		Millmont	8 25	4 15
19.6	6.58	2 51		GLEN IRON	8 17	4 07
23.7	7.07	3 00		Pardee f	8 08	3 59
28.5	7.18	3 11		Cherry Run f	7 57	3 48
32.3	7.27	3 20		Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7 48	3 40
32.4	7 31	3 23		Ingleby f	7 45	3 37
36.1	7 38	3 30		Coburn	7 38	3 30
36.7	7 45	3 37		Zerby f	7 30	3 22
41.	7 55	3 47		Rising Springs	7 21	3 14
43.2	8 02	3 53		Penn's Cave f	7 14	3 07
46.	8 09	4 01		CENTRE HALL	7 06	3 01
48.8	8 16	4 07		Gregg f	7 00	2 54
52.1	8 23	4 13		Linden Hall	6 52	2 47
52.6	8 28	4 18		OAK HALL	6 47	2 42
54.4	8 32	4 22		LEMONT	6 43	2 37
56.1	8 37	4 27		Dale Summit f	6 38	2 33
58.3	8 47	4 37		Pleasant Gap f	6 28	2 23
60.3	8 55	4 46		Axeman f	6 20	2 20
64.4	9 55	4 45		BELLEFONTE	6 20	2 15

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD.

NORTHWARD MAIL	NORTHWARD EXPS	NORTHWARD DAY EXPS	Nov. 26, 1894.	SOUTHWARD MAIL	SOUTHWARD EXPS	SOUTHWARD DAY EXPS
	a m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	a m
7 39	3 15	8 21	Tyrone	6 35	11 47	1 13
7 36	3 21	8 26	East Tyrone	6 39	11 41	6 06
7 31	f3 26	f8 31	Vail	6 25	11 36	6 01
7 31	f3 36	f8 42	Vanscoyoc	f6 18	11 29	5 54
7 25	f3 40	f8 47	Gardner	f6 15	11 26	5 50
f6 04	f3 49	f8 57	Mt. Pleasant	f6 07	11 18	5 41
f6 11	3 55	f9 03	Summit	f6 00	11 11	5 34
f6 16	3 59	9 10	Sandy Ridge	5 54	11 05	5 27
f6 18	f4 1	f9 13	Retort	f5 51	11 02	5 23
f6 19	f4 02	f9 15	Powelton	f5 49	11 00	5 21
f6 27	4 08	f9 23	Osceola	5 39	10 50	5 10
8 31	f4 16	f9 37	Boynton	f5 35	10 46	5 03
8 35	f4 19	f9 37	Stelners	f5 31	10 42	4 58
8 36	4 23	9 44	Philipsburg	5 30	10 41	4 57
8 41	f4 29	f9 49	Graham	f5 26	10 36	4 52
8 46	4 34	9 55	Blue Ball	f5 21	10 31	4 46
8 52	4 39	10 02	Wallaceton	f5 16	10 27	4 39
8 57	4 44	10 08	Bilger	f5 11	10 20	4 33
9 03	4 50	10 14	Woodland	f5 06	10 4	4 27
9 10	f4 57	f1 21	Barrett	f5 01	10 07	4 20
9 15	f5 01	10 26	Leonard	f4 56	10 02	4 15
9 19	5 05	10 32	Clearfield	f4 52	9 58	4 09
9 24	5 11	f10 38	Riverview	f4 48	9 53	4 03
9 30	5 17	f10 45	Susque. Bridge	f4 43	9 47	3 56
9 35	5 22	10 50	Curwensville	f4 39	9 42	3 51

S M PREVOST, Gen. Manager. J R WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No. 5	No. 3	No. 1	Dec. 31, 1894.	READ UP. No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Lv. Ar.	a.m	p.m.	p.m
*8 15	*11 20	*7 00	Bellefonte	9 25	2 00	10 47
8 28	11 33	7 12	Nigh	9 12	1 46	10 32
8 33	11 38	7 16	Zion	9 07	1 41	10 27
8 38	11 43	7 21	Hecla Park	9 02	1 36	10 22
8 44	11 49	7 27	Hublersburg	8 57	1 31	10 17
8 48	11 53	7 31	Snydertown	8 53	1 27	10 13
8 51	11 56	7 33	Nittany	8 51	1 24	10 10
8 53	11 58	7 35	Huston	8 49	1 22	10 08
8 55	12 01	7 37	Lamar	8 47	1 19	10 05
8 58	12 04	7 40	Clintondale	8 44	1 17	10 03
9 04	12 10	7 45	Krider's S'n'g	8 39	1 11	9 57
9 10	12 16	7 50	Mackeyville	8 34	1 05	9 51
9 17	12 22	7 55	Cedar Springs	8 29	12 58	9 44
9 19	12 24	7 57	Salona	8 27	12 56	9 42
9 25	12 30	8 05	Mill Hall	*8 20	12 50	9 35
p m	p.m.	a.m.	Ar. Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

p. m.	a. m.	Lv.	Ar.	a. m	p. m.
* 9 37	† 9 55	Mill Hall		8 16	5 05
10 10	10 30	Jersey Shore		7 49	4 30
10 45	11 00	Williamsport		*7 05	*4 00
p. m.	a. m.	Ar.	Lv.	a. m.	p. m.

p. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
*11 15	†3 55	Lv. Wmsport	Ar.	6 55	2 40
7 12	10 12	Ar. Philada.	Lv.	*11 30	8 35
		N. York via Tamq.			
2 30	8 20	N. York via Phila.		6 30	*4 20
a.m.	a.m.	(Foot of Liberty St.)		p.m.	a.m.

* Daily. † Week Days. $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday $ 10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia and New York SLEEPING CARS attached to Beech Creek R. R. train passing Mill Hall, east-bound at 9 37 p. m. Westbound at 8.16 a. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash. EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Panic in a Church.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 13.—There was a panic at the Italian Catholic church to-day during the funeral services over Rafaele Del Grego, who was murdered on Thursday. The church was crowded and Father Beccherini had just risen to perform the office for the dead, when there was a break and a crushing noise—the floor was giving way. Immediately there was a rush on the part of the people. There were four windows in the rear of the building, and through these affrighted men women and children went tumbling in a mad effort to escape. The doors, very small in size, were for a time blocked and finally were burst from their fastenings. During the excitement the priest shouted from the sanctuary to the people, telling them there was no danger, but they were deaf to his entreaties, thinking only of escape. It was a little short of a miracle that in a place where they were so many packed that the injuries resulting from the panic were so small. The greatest reported is a broken arm.

After the church was emptied it was found that the floor had settled about three inches.

Supreme Court Relief.

Harrisburg, Jan. 13.—At the meeting of lawyers in this city Wednesday, to form a State Bar Association, an important bill for the relief of the Supreme court will be presented for discussion. A number of eminent judges and leading lawyers have put their heads together and drafted the bill, the main purpose of which is to provide relief for the Supreme Court without increasing the present number of law judges, the leading idea being to group the Common Pleas Judges of the state into Circuit Courts to whom appeals will lie from the lower courts and with whose judgment it is believed many litigants will be content.

The bill proposes to divide the state into six circuits, with a number of counties in each, in each circuit an intermediate appellate court to be established. It is provided that the judges of the several counties shall also be judges of the Circuit court, the Governor to choose one of the number as President Judge of the Circuit court. Additional compensation shall be allowed the judges for Circuit court services.

Ethel Barrymore's Close Call.

Milwaukee, Jan. 13.—Ethel Barrymore, daughter of Maurice Barrymore, was found unconscious in her room at the Davidson hotel this morning from partial asphyxiation. Miss Barrymore, who is a member of John Drew's company, retired after midnight, leaving word for an early call. The call was made, but she did not respond, nor had she made her appearance up to the time the train was due to bear the company to Chicago. The door was forced and Miss Barrymore was found insensible. The room was filled with gas, which had escaped from an open burner. Physicians were summoned and the young woman was restored to consciousness.

This Man in Luck.

Hammonton, N. J., January 13—It now transpires that Frank Burgess, the young farm laborer who was notified of his good fortune through the death of an uncle in Australia, will come into a share of millions instead of thousands. The uncle left property worth several millions, and Burgess is one of but four beneficiaries. An attorney representing the executors of the estate was here a few days ago to see Burgess, and he urged the latter to accompany him back to New York, to take a steamer for Australia. Through the attorney wanted to pay all the expenses, Burgess declined to go, being reluctant to accompany a stranger upon such an expedition. He is now making arrangements to go alone, and he declares that he will return to Hammonton to live.

A Jealous Husband's Deed.

Chicago, January 13.—Crazed by jealousy, Jacob Miller, a furniture polisher, cut his wife's throat from ear to ear with a razor yesterday morning, then rushed to the factory where he was employed and shot James Olander, the foreman, inflicting a wound over the eyes.

Workmen rushed forward and seized the maniac before he could fire again and secured the weapon. Miller refused to say why he killed his wife. He was said by the neighbors to have been very jealous of his pretty young wife, and quarrels had been frequent. She died instantly.

RHEUMATISM!

The Sure Cure is Dr. Greene's Nervura. Weak Kidneys, Weak Nerves, and Poor Blood Always Accompany Rheumatism. They can all be cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.

NATHAN G. BATCHELDER.

With rheumatism comes weak kidneys, weak nerves, poor blood. Weak kidneys mean death, because they lead to serious kidney diseases, which always kill. The symptoms are weak back, pain in the back bloating, muddy water, tired and languid feeling, gas in the stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, bad taste in the mouth, headache, dimness of vision, dryness of skin, and nervousness.

Just so surely as you have these symptoms, your kidneys are out of order, and you need the one sure cure, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Try a bottle and see how quickly those symptoms will vanish. It cures rheumatism, a most dangerous complaint for it leads to fatal heart disease. Mr. Nathan G. Batchelder, of Hardwick, Vt., writes:

"A year ago I was badly bloated, and it was said I was going to die with the dropsy. I commenced taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. At that time I was a sight to behold. My usual weight was 135 lbs., but I then weighed 185 lbs. from bloating. I also had rheumatism so that I could not get into a sleigh or wagon, and was bent over badly. My stomach was so bad that I could not digest my food, and it pained me a good deal. It had been in this condition for seven years before I had begun to take Dr. Greene's medicine, but since taking I can eat as hearty meal as anybody. I have not been out for eight winters until this winter, but this winter I have been out constantly, and took care of my horse and driven frequently. After I got out, many of my friends did not know me I was so changed and looked so well.

"For years I only ate one slice of bread in one day, and drank one or two cups of tea, which was all I could eat, and I sometimes suffered from that.

"I was about as bad a used up man as ever lived for a long time, and I expected to die any time; but thanks to Dr. Greene's wonderful medicine, I am greatly improved.

"Now all my bloat is gone, and I am as well of that as ever. My rheumatism is practically gone, and my stomach is sound and digests my food perfectly, and I sleep soundly. The doctor who treated me did me no good, and he said I would not live six months I was in such bad order. Other doctors said it was the most remarkable case they had ever known, to have me come up the way I did. My case is widely known.

"I can reccomend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy as the best medicine I ever saw or heard of, and I will cheerfully answer any inquiries about my case, but for seven years I could not write my name I was so trembly."

Mr. H. R. Kimball, druggist, of Hardwick, says: "I knew of Mr. Nathan G. Batchelder's remarkable case, and the statement is true."

It cures quickly and permanently, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver disease, and makes good blood and strong nerves. Everybody, both physicians and the people everywhere acknowledge Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to be the greatest known cure for disease. People who take it get well.

Why waste time in trying uncertain and untried remedies, when here is a physician's prescription, a discovery made by the greatest living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St., New York City. If you take this medicine you can consider yourself under Dr. Greene's direct professional care, and you can consult him or write to him about your case, freely and without charge. This is a guarantee that this remedy will cure, possessed by no other medicine in the world.

Murphy Begins Work.

New York, Jan. 13.—Appropriately enough the temperance revival led by Thomas Edward Murphy, which is to last two weeks at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian church, began to-day, the driest Sunday this city has experienced for some time. Ex-Postmaster General James opened the meeting with a few remarks of welcome, and Col. Hadley followed, telling of the purposes of the campaign.

Mr. Murphy delivered an oration about his father, himself and his family, and the meeting closed. A service will be held every night, except Saturday, for two weeks.

Before a Full Head of Steam

s gathered by that tremendously destructive engine, malaria, put on the brakes with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will check its progress and advert disaster. Chills and fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake are promptly relieved and ultimately cured by this genial specific, which is a comprehensive family medicine, speedily useful in cases of dyspepsia biliousness, constipation, sick headache, nervousness, rheumatism and neuralgia. Against the hurtful effects of sudden changes of temperature, exposure in wet weather, close application to laborious mental pursuits, and other influences prejudical to health, it is a most trustworthy safeguard. It fortifies the system against disease, promotes appetite and sleep, and hastens convalescence after debilitating and flesh wasting diseases.

Had an Eye to Business.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 13.—Undertaker J. G. Franklin, jr., was on trial yesterday on the charge of conducting a museum with a license. The bodies of two negro boys, George Mapp and Buddie Wooton, hanged the day previous, were placed in coffins and carried to Franklin's establishment, where he exposed them to a gaping crowd of negroes at five cents admission The chief Police stopped the show and arrested Franklin.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

By local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c. 1-3-4t

Salt rheum with its intense itching, dry, hot skin is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it purifies the blood.

This, That And The Other.

Uncle Sam has 40 whaling vessels.

World's railway cost $44,500,000,000.

Police cost New York $5,500,000 a year.

New York has 1000 Chinese laundries.

President Eliot, of Harvard, has sailed or Egypt.

Russia produced one hundred million gallons of wine in '94,

The Philadelphia mint will coin $500,000 n two cent pieces for Equador.

The Peter's pence from France has fallen from $600,000 to $200,000 in a few years.

Congressman Post, of Illinois, a Republican, died at Washington on Sunday, aged 61 years.

The annual consumption of tobacco in the United States is about sixty ounces to every inhabitant.

Mr. Gladstone's concordance and prayer book, the work of his leisure hours for twenty years, will be ready February 1.

The prohibition town of Portland, Me., uses $76,000 worth of liquor every year for "medical and mechanical purposes."

John A. Cockerill will sail from Vancouver for Japan on February 7 as the representative of New York Herald at Tokio.

Capt. John Taylor, receiver of taxes in Philadelphia, died on Saturday, aged 54. He was Post Department Commander of the G. A. R., and formerly quartermaster general.

The Queen ordered the British standard to be lowered to half mast at Windsor Castle on the occasion of the Czar. It had not been so lowered for any death since that of the Prince Consort, thirty-three years ago.

The railroad suspension bridge at Niagara Falls, which is one of the oldest railroad bridges in the country, and probably the first large suspension bridge ever built will soon be taken down and replaced by an arched cantilever bridge. L. L. Buck, who rebuilt the bridge, is preparing plans for the new structure.

A REVOLUTION is threatened in Philadelphia since Penrose was defeated for mayor and Warwick nominated. There did seem to be a big revolution when Penrose, who was in everybody's mouth up until the eve of the convention, was turned down so signally by the delegates. It is a good thing there is a revolution that upsets the plans of politicians, for if there wasn't there is no telling where the machine would run. The Ledger tells the story as follows: The leaders who broke away from Mr. Quay to nominate Mr. Warwick exhibited a great deal of sagacity in bowing to public opinion at a critical period in their party's history, chiefly, we may believe, to save the party from defeat, but also for the good of the city. Opposition had been concentrated against Mr. Penrose. The church had pronounced against him; women of the highest character, who seldom take any active part in political affairs, had united to protest against his nomination, and the leaders wisely yielded to this sentiment. In choosing a substitute they yielded again to reform influence choosing Mr. Warwick from the list of men already endorsed by thousands of well-known and influential citizens as worthy to be mayor of this great city.

GOVERNOR ALTGELD in his message to the Legislature of Illinois devotes very little space to the affairs of the State of which he is the Chief Executive, and a great deal of space to the denunciation of the maintenance of order and enforcement of law by the Federal courts and Federal authorities. This was what was expected of Governor Altgeld, and may be accepted as his defiant reply to the voters of Illinois who repudiated riot and anarchy at the polls last November. His message is addressed ostensibly to the President of the United States, but is really aimed at the people who make Presidents and insist upon the maintenance of order. Government by injunction, as he calls it, may not be an ideal form of government, but it beats government by armed mobs all hollow, a fact that Altgeld deplores, thus clearly revealing his sympathy with government by mob.

Parted Company.

Harrisonville, Mo., January 13.—The divorce suit of Mrs. Eliza Mohney, aged 66, against John Mohney, 67 years old, was a remarkable case. Mrs. Mohney charged desertion and non-support; but it was admitted that this was merely a formality, it having been agreed that the wife should bring suit and the defendant would not contest it.

When all the evidence was in Judge Wood said that from a legal standpoint he would be compelled to grant the divorce, but much against his will. He scored the old couple severely, to which they listened with placid indifference.

Bunceed By Lightning Rod Agents.

Lancaster, Pa., January 13.—Farmer Henry B. Shearer, of Manheim, claims to have been buncoed by lightning rod agents. He signed a contract which called for a rod worth $7.50, but later discovered that he had bound himself to buy $250 worth of the material. He compromised with the sharpers for $220 and was told by them that a neighboring justice of the peace had later purchased $500 worth of wire through similar unwariness.

Winchester in the Penitentiary.

Lock Haven, Jan. 15.—Amasa Winchester, sentenced to eight years and six months imprisonment for manslaughter, was removed to the Western Penitentiary to-day by Deputy Sheriff Hoover. William McKinzle and George Mason, convicted of lesser crimes, were also taken away.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Relief for Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 13—Rev. C. A. Halo, of Holdredge, was at the office of Secretary of State Piper this morning. He said he would leave Holdredge Monday for Denver, where 100 tons of coal have been given to the destitute of Nebraska. Rev. Mr. Hale will make arrangements for its transportation."

Just now, the office of the State Relief Commission is a lively place. Five typewriters and stenographers are kept constantly at work, and Secretary Luden has barely time to snatch a lunch at midday. Generous responses are received by each mail in the shape of cash or intelligence of the shipment of supplies from paints in all parts of the country.

Killed by a Falling Derrick.

Pittsburg, Jan. 15,—At noon to-day a gust of wind overturned a derrick used in the construction of the new bridge across the Monongahela river near Glenwood. Christ Rogers was caught under the derrick beam and instantly killed. Two or three other workmen are reported badly injured, and one, James Cush, may die. Rodgers leaves a widow and five children.

Observations.

Don't pry into motives. Many a woman goes to church to show a new bonnet and many a young man to see the girls.

Don't use slang. It's takes many wise men many years to build the English language.

Don't fool with unloaded pistols. Poison is surer, if you will be silly.

Don't marry a smile. The same teeth may be useful in a snarl.

"Nothing Venture Nothing Have."

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mon., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mon.

It is the medicine above all others for catarrh, and is worth its weight in gold. I can use Ely's Cream Balm with safety and it does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

3 DAY SALE —) OF (— Muslin Underwear,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday the 10th, 11th and 12th, Jan.'95.

To clear up our Ladies Muslin Underwear we will place on sale at a

Great Reduction

A full lot of Gowns, Skirts, Chemies, Drawers and Corset Covers. Some are the least bit soiled from handling, but the price will move them.

Gowns from 4cc up, Drwers 18c up. Others equally cheap.

ONLY - THREE - DAYS

Wm. T. MEYER,

Bush Arcade, 2 doors from postoffice

Illuminated Clocks.....

A Day Clock.	A Nursery Clock.
A Night Clock	A Medicine Clock.

The neatest and most convenient article of household comfort ever invented. Tells the hour, day or night. Having once used it you would never be without it Call and see it at

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

Bush House Block, - - Bellefonte, Pa.

Get an Education

Education and fortune go hand in hand Get an education at the Central Normal School, Lock Haven, Pa. First-class accomodations and low rates. State aid to students For illustrated catalogue address
JAMES ELDON, Ph. D., Principal.
47-25-1y Lock Haven, Pa

The China-Japan War

It is thought may raise the price of tea and other articles, but we are still furnishing to our customers at the old rates. We take no account of the scrap between the Japs and Chinese, we know some merchants are trying more money to squeeze by advancing the prices of spices and teas, but the old reliable

EUREKA

keeps right along at the same old gait with prices as usual, with everything in the grocery line the best and cheapest in the market Call and see us—latch string always out—at Eureka Grocery, High Street, next door to post office.

M. P. TUTEN, Proprietor.

Christmas Games FREE

A FINE GAME IN EACH 1lb PACKAGE OF LION COFFEE UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

MANY DIFFERENT KINDS SUITABLE FOR GROWN PEOPLE AND CHILDREN.

DRINK LION COFFEE AND GET ALL THESE FINE PARLOR GAMES.

If your dealer does not keep it for sale, write us his name and address, that we may place it on sale there.
Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, O.

CAUTION.—ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED not to meddle with the personal property which I purchased at Constable's sale at the residence of James W. Gunsallus, Dec. 29, 1894, and which I leave in the possession of said James W. Gunsallus for his use as it is my property.

1-95-3t GEO. W. LONG.
Eagleville, Jan. 1, 1895.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Dr J. F. Woods, deceased. Letters Testamentary on the estate of Dr. J. F. Woods, late of Harris Township, Centre County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Clement Dale, of Bellefonte P.., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

35-3t CLEMENT DALE,
Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Estate of D. K. Tate, deceased,—Letters of Administration "debonis non cum testamenta annexo," on the estate of D. K. Tate, late of Bellefonte Borough, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Clement Dale of said borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to made payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay. CLEMENT DALE,

49 6t Administrator.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWing account has been examined passed and filed of record in the Register's office, for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in any wise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans Court of Centre County on Wednesday, the 30th day of January, A. D. 1895.

19. The first and final account of Mary C. Carr, administratrix of E. H. Carr, late of Milesburg, deceased.

1-10-3t G. W. RUMBERGER, Register.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE in the Orphan's Court of Centre County. Estate of Jermiah A. Blair, late of Unionville Boro., deceed:

The Undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of W. E. Gray, administrator of, etc., of Jeremiah A. Blair, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 8th, day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested are requested to psesent their claims or be forever after debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

JOHN KLINE,
Dec, 18, 1894.-3t. Auditor.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION.—Notice is hereby given that the Graysdale Mining Company limited, a joint stock company organized under the provisions of the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the 2nd day of June, 1874, and doing business in the county of Centre, was regularly dissolved at a meeting of the members of the Association held on the 1st day of December, 1894, and F. W. Crider, J. H. Linge, and Harry R. Curtin were elected liquidating trustees, who are "to wind up the concern," and distribute the assets as provided by law. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the Graysdale Mining Company, limited, are requested to make immediate payment to the liquidating trustees, and those having claims are requested to present, duly authenticated

F W CRIDER,
Dec. 1st, 1894. J H LINGLE,
d6-6w HARRY R CURTIN,
Liquidating Trustees.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial district, consisting of the counties of Centre and Huntingdon, and the Hon. C. A. Faulkner and the Hon. Thomas F. Riley, Associate Judges in Centre, having issued their precept bearing date the 26th day of Dec., 1894, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and commence on the 4th Monday of January the 28th day of Jan. 1895, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner. Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o.clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those thing which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then or there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Give under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 26th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord, 1894, and the one hundred and eighteenth year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN P. CONDO.
26 2 4t Sheriff.

Sewing Machines.

Mr. J. H. Hill, No. 11 Spring street, Bellefonte, agent for the celebrated Singer sewing machine, which received the highest prize for surerior merit at the World's Fair at Chicago, last year, not only sells this superior machine, but is well equipped to repair all machines of whatever make in a thorough and workman-like manner. All kinds of repairs and needles for all machines kept constantly on hand. If your machine does not work perfectly call or leave orders at our store.

266m J. H. HILL,
No. 11 Spring St.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency of disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. a13-4t.

SUFFERERS from Costiveness, Biliousness, Sick Headache or Dyspepsia will find Thurston's Cathartic Liver Pills absolute health Jewels, beyond the pale of valuation. Never known to distress; but infallible to relieve. Only 25cper package post paid to any address.

THURSTON CHEMICAL Co., Grand Rapids Ohio.

PATENTS OBTAINED TERMS EASY.

Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention. Send drawing and description to L. BAGGER & Co., Atty's, Washington, D. C.

NOV20-1y

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, Jan. 14, 1895.

From Our Regular Correspondent.)

The democrats have since the defeat of Secretary Carlisle's crazy-quilt currency bill in the House about given up hope of securing any financial legislation at this session without the aid of the republicans. Although they are running hither and thither and holding hourly conferences they are accomplishing nothing, and they privately admit it. A definite appeal has been made by democrats friendly to the administration to Senators Sherman and Allison, asking them to come to the rescue of the Treasury and to prepare a compromise non-partisan financial bill. It is not at all probable that these Senators will prepare a bill, but they, and other republicans, have told the democrats that, in their opinion, what the Treasury most needs is more revenue, and that a bill to increase the revenues of the government, either by an increase in the tariff on all dutiable articles, or by increasing the internal revenue tax upon special articles—beer, for instance—would receive the votes of the republicans in both House and Senate.

For the democrats to accept this hint would be to confess to the country—what is already plain to all except those who refuse to see—that the democratic tariff policy is a failure and is at bottom responsible for all the troubles of the Treasury and of the country, but there are democrats who do not hesitate to advocate that the confession be made, and while such action can hardly be said to be probable, it is quite as much so as that any financial bill will become a law at this session.

Representative Hill, who was chairman of the House committee on Foreign Affairs in the last republican House and who will almost certainly occupy the same position in the next House, is strongly opposed to the recommendatian of Mr. Cleveland, that the United States should agree to give up the advantage it now holds under the reciprocity treaty with Hawaii, and agree to a modification of that treaty which would allow Great Britain to lease one of the smallest of the Hawaiian islands to be used as a station for a proposed submarine cable between Canada and Australia. While Mr. Hill admits that cable communication with Hawaii would be very desirable, both for that country and the United States, he insists that this country should control such cable, not only as a matter of business sagacity but as a precaution in case of war. This is no new position for Mr. Hill. As long ago as the Fifty-first Congress he tried to have the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill amended so as to provide for the survey of a cable route between San Francisco and Honolulu.

Mr. James J. Hill, the northwestern railroad man and financier who is at present in Washington, says of the financial situation: "It's hard to say what should be done by Congress in the way of financial legislation. It seems to me that it would be a good idea to leave it to a commission to frame a bill. Take two of the ablest republicans in Congress, two democrats, and then appoint John Sherman chairman of the commission. It would be safe to wager ten thousand dollars against a cent that such a body of men would originate a plan of currency relief that would settle this vexed question for the next twenty years."

Senator Teller, in replying to Senator Hill's attack on the income tax, did some plain talking, as he usually does when he speaks upon any subject. He said that any proposition for the repeal of the income tax must be accompanied by one to raise as much money, owing to the very pronounced need of the Treasury for money. He called attention to the fact that if the present monthly deficit was kept up the deficit for the year would reach $100,000,000; also, that the proceeds of $100,000,000 in bonds had already been swallowed up by the deficit under the Cleveland administration and that the gold reserve fund was down to $77,000,000 and was still rapidly falling. "What the country is suffering from particularly," he continued, "is a lack of revenue, not a lack of gold in the Treasury. If the revenue was ample there would be no difficulty in acquiring gold, and no question of maintaining the parity between different kinds of money." He paid his respects to the administration thusly: "Whenever a member of the executive department appeals to the legislative department to do something, and has not a plan to present, it is good evidence that the executive branch of the government is in the wrong hands."

Death of Mrs. Rhoads.

Mrs. Amelia Rhoads, wife of Mr. Thos. Rhoads, died at their home on Beaver St. at 7.05 o'clock Friday evening. Deceased was ailing for a long time. She was aged about 55 years and leaves a husband and six children, namely, Albert, Regina, Samuel, Ambrose, Lina and Jeannette, to mourn their loss. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

THE spectacle of Gorman and Hill disputing as to which of them is responsible for the recent defeat of the Democratic party must have made even the Senate smile. They are both of them right and both wrong, though Gorman is the farther wrong of the two.

His pretense that he only tinkered the tariff to secure more revenue is moonshine. Most of his amendments were worthless for revenue, however valuable for protection, and they did more to discredit his party than any of Hill's vagaries did.

The two might be left to fight it out, only that the tariff is not the question just now. The Treasury, no doubt, would be in better shape if it had more revenue, but it would take an impossibly large surplus now to restore confidence in the currency. The Senators should get together and do something, and after that they can settle their old scores.

An Interesting Letter.

Dr. David Kennedy, Dear Sir: I am 60 years old and generally played out, or so I thought up to two weeks ago, when I commenced to use Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

For years I have suffered with inflamation of the bladder and kidneys, and have gradually grown worse and expected at any time that passing urine by nature's effort would cease. Besides constant pain in the kidneys and bladder, I have had rheumatic pain in every muscle and joint, and have often remarked that there was not a living man that had suffered as much as I had, but I must say I had not for a single day in five years felt as well in every way as I do now. Have improved daily since I began the use of Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. About a week ago I gave a man afflicted with bladder trouble, part of a bottle of Favorite Remedy, and he said to me to-day: "That is a great medicine, I am better already," and he drove eight miles to a druggist to get a bottle. Respectfully Yours, S. I. Young, Hiram, Ohio.

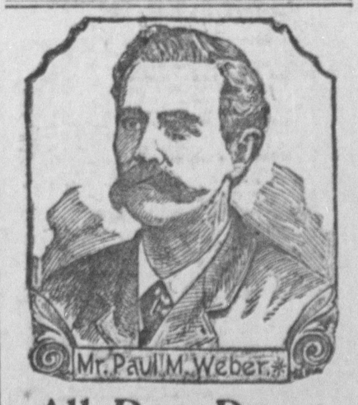
He Dwells in a Cave.

The old fairy tale about the hermit murderer living in a cave near Tyrone is again having its innings. The Marion Centre Independent dishes up the story now as follows:

We get from reliable source, that Bookamire, the slayer of old man Cunningham, in Green township last winter, was seen in the mountains a mile from Tyrone a few days ago. A party of hunters were up in that section, and one day while one of the men was out by himself he noticed smoke issuing from between a couple of large rocks, which was partly natural and partly artificial. It was fitted up in a comfortable shape and some meat was cooking on the fire, but although he waited for some time the occupant did not appear. A few days after this the whole party, while on their way home, called at the queer abode, supposing it was the habitation of some lone hunter. They found the rude wooden door to the cave securely fastened, but upon calling, it was thrust open and a man with a Winchester at his shoulder appeared. One of the visitors knew Bookamire quite well and at once recognized the man as the convict, and called him by name. Jake appeared surprised, but backing into the cave, pulled the door shut, and the next seen of him he broke out of an exit at the back of the rocks, and walking backwards with his gun leveled at the men until he got out of range of their revolvers, they having sent their guns on with their baggage, he turned and fled through the woods. Our informant says there can be no question about it being Bookamire. He had been living there for quite a while, and several articles which had been missed in the neighborhood were found in the cave.

THE South Dakota scheme of finance is fortunately a rare one. With a new Commonwealth on his hands and a desire to give proper distinction to the importance of the thing State Treasurer Taylor appropriates $320-000 to save banking concerns in which he is interested and then disappears. This sort of system is not popular and it is well there are so very few imitations on the market. But in the meantime the attention of the silent Republican organs is arrested by the fact that the Democrats retire from the government of New York and New Jersey leaving a clean record, and in New York a $10,000,000 reserve fund to their credit.

Ripans Tabules are always ready.



All Run Down

Always Tired, Sleepless and Without Appetite

Blood Vitalized and Strength Renewed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a couple of years, I was subject to feelings anything but good. I always felt tired, I could not sleep at night and the little I could eat did not seem to benefit me any.

I Did Not Have Any Ambition

to go around or work and in fact was not able to do a good day's work. I happened to pick up a circular embracing advertisements and testimonials for Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after reading them decided to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. I have taken five bottles and must say that I have derived wonderful benefit from it and

Feel Like a New Man.

I would recommend it to all sufferers and would urge them not to hesitate but to decide at once to take Hood's Sarsaparilla." PAUL M. WEBER, 1112 North Tenth Street, Reading, Pennsylvania.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Governor Hastings' Cabinet Promptly Confirmed By the Senate.

Harrisburg, Jan. 15.—When the Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock this morning there was not a vacant seat in the galleries.

Several bills were introduced and then Senators Meredith and Keefer were appointed to escort Judge Simonton to the Senate chamber to administer the oath of office to Walter Lyon, Lieutenant Governor-elect, and Senator Grady and Laubach was appointed to escort Mr. Lyon to the Senate chamber.

The Senate then went into executive session to consider the nominations of George B. Luper, to be Insurance Commissioner; Robert Watchorn, to be Factory Inspector, and Thomas McCaffery, to be Notary Public of Allegheny county. All three were rejected by the following vote: Luper, yeas 6, nays 38; Watchorn yeas 6, nays 36; McCaffery, yeas 6, nays 39.

The Senate then, at 11:20, took a ten-minutes recess.

The Senate re-convened at ten minutes after 12 o'clock. After the certificates of Mr. Lyon's election had been read, Lieutenant Governor Watres bade farewell to the Senate, over whose deliberations he had presided for four years.

At the conclusion of Mr. Lyon's inauguration the Senate adjourned until 4 o'clock.

Immediately after the afternoon session began at 4:10, an effort was made to go into executive session for the purpose of confirming a number of appointments made by Governor Pattison. Among these were Valley Forge Park Commissioners, and the Managers of the Huntingdon Reformatory. Objections were made by a number of Senators and on the roll call the motion was defeated.

The usual resolutions were offered to thanking the retiring Lieutenant Governor for the courtesy and impartiality with which he had discharged the duties of presiding officer and presenting their individual desks and chairs to the ex-Governor, Lieutenant Covernor, Attorney General, Secretary of Internal Affairs and Superintendent of Banking.

HASTINGS' CABINET CONFIRMED.

Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth was announced with a message from Governor Hastings, informing the Senate of the appointment of Lewis E. Beitler, of Philadelphia, as Private Secretary. Mr. Beitler at once appeared with a communication from the Governor Informing the Senate of the appointment of Frank Reed, of Northampton, as Secretary of the Commonwealth; Henry C. McCormick, of Lycoming, as Attorney General; Thomas J. Stewart, of Montgomery, as Adjutant General; James H. Lambert, Philadelphia as Insurance Commissioners, and James Campbell, Allegheny, as factory Inspector.

The Senate at once went into executive session and the nominations were confirmed. In addition the nomination of Charles W. Walker, of Somerset, to be a Notary Public, was confirmed, and the Senate then, at 4:40 adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE.

The House was called to order at 11 o'clock. Mr. Moore, of Bradford, offered a resolution calling for a committee of two to conduct the Lieutenant Governor and President pro tem., of the Senate to the portico of the Capitol to witness the inaugural ceremonies. The resolution was agreed to. Messrs. Moore, of Bradford, and Schwartz, of Monroe, were appointed a committee on the part of the House. A recess was then taken until 11:50 o'clock.

The House re-convened at 11:50, the members proceeding to the west portico to participate in the inaugural ceremonies, and the Speaker declared the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Accused of Poisoning.

Kansas City Jan. 13.—George McCullough, a German stone manson of Armourdale, was arrested to-day charged with poisoning his wife and 2 month's old baby and for threatening the lives of Mr. and Mrs. G. Franks, his wife's parents. Mrs. McCullough died suddenly October 26, and the baby followed soon afterwards.

Because of ill-treatment on the part of McCullough, the woman had applied for a divorce. For this, it now appears from the statements made by the Franks, McCullough threatened to kill his wife and later when the Franks interfered, he made the same threat to them. The bodies of the wife and child will be exhumed and the stomachs examined. McCullough does not deny his guilt.

No Saloon Screens.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 15.—After a fight of four weeks the city councils has by a small majority made a municipal law of an ordinance requiring the screens in saloons, or other obstacles to view from the streets to be removed from 10 p. m. The saloonkeepers brought all kinds of influence on members of council to have the ordinance knocked out. The penalty for violating the ordinance is a fine of $25.

Don't try to cut a dash. The person who's built that way will attract attention.

—The repairing of fine watches and jewelry a specialty at W. T. Achenbach.

SPRAINS and NEURALGIA'S Positive Cure ST. JACOBS OIL

Naturalization Scandals.

In the old days, when all courts were mere sections of the naturalization mill, party committees generally presented the names of the candidates for citizenship in batches, and, if any fees were exacted, they went to the committees or the persons who represented the committees in court. So much scandal was caused by those wholesale partisan naturalizations that the courts introduced a sifting process that eliminated the partisan committees, interest in the subject and diverted the bulk of the applications for naturalization to the United States courts, the Judges themselves suggesting the employment of attorneys to facilitate the work of the naturalization courts.

In theory this was an important reform in naturalization methods; in practice the source of scandal was simply changed from the party committees to a class of attorneys who were encouraged to engage in the business and some of whom resorted to questionable methods, not only to obtain the business, but to secure naturalization papers from the courts for their clients. Under the old rule the party committees abused the naturalization privilege to increase their voting power, and under the new conscienceless attorneys abused it to increase their incomes.

Public attention has been called to this abuse by Judge Dallas in an admonitory order to attorneys and others not to do anything in this connection that would reflect upon their own names or bring the court into discredit. The admonition was a general one which did not specify individuals, but the occasion of it is said to have been some complaints made to the Court by victims of the greed and sharp practice of legal competitors for naturalization business.

The warning will doubtless be heeded if the Courts are all as watchful as that over which Judge Dallas presides. The reforms already wrought in the methods of naturalization have greatly reduced the applications for naturalization and improved the grade of naturalized citizens, and if the attorneys are compelled to adhere to legal and professional methods, upon which the light can always be safely turned, naturalization abuses will soon be entirely of the past.

Round and About.

There are sleigh bells and sleigh belles.

The State law mill is now ready to grind

Simplicity, of all things, is the hardest to be copied.

It is a great misfortune to be blind to our own faults.

If we could know all, it would not be so hard to forgive all.

The winter girl is in it.

A golden wedding—marrying for money.

Some kinds of hose are sold by the foot, and others for it.

If you don't believe that a man has more standing than a woman, get into a crowded trolley car.

No, Maude, dear, we have never heard that the man who makes a rye face when he takes a drink of whiskey always hops when he drinks beer.

Yes, Maude dear, it is possible to pay off a floating debt with a sinking fund.

The court plaster patch on chin and cheek has been revived by modern "grand dames."

There's scarcely anything in life, from toothache to twins, that some men won't grumble about.

The anti-kissing club that was organized by some Clearfield young ladies is now reduced to two members, and they are of opposite sex.

A woman with a new dress that is becoming, isn't satisfied until the man she likes best and the woman she likes least have seen it.

When a man commence wondering what object some worthless people have in living he finally wonders what he is living for himself.

BOTH branches of the Legislature are now fully equipped for business. At the rate that bills have been dumped into the two houses in the first two working days of the session, the committee will have to do a deal of winnowing if the wheat is separated from the chaff and ground through the legislative mill in time for an early adournment. This is what committees are for, however, and if the members composing them desire to do good, honest, hard work for their salaries they will begin at once, and work early and late. Most of the bills introduced are mere chaff, but they will have to be disposed of in committee or elsewhere, and they can be most speedily and effectively considered in committee.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel

Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

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Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint

Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder

Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

At Druggists 50 cents and $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

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OF MONTANA.

Capital $300,000 divided into 300,000 shares of $1 par value each.

Non-assessable forever.

This company owns two gold mines located in a county which produced $40,000,000 in gold in six years. Has 45 acres of virgin land. Has 500 feet of underground work in shape of shafts and tunnels. Has ore in sight worth $100 per ton. Has assays from $25 to $1,500 per ton. Has shipped ore netting $36 per ton. Has such a small capitalization, only 300,000 shares and not 2,000,000 shares as other companies.

The company intends to sink a shaft through this rich $100 ore vein to a depth of several hundred feet, in order to be able to produce largely for the benefit of the stockholders which will get this profit in large monthly dividends. Hence the company offers a small amount of its stock at the extremely low price of 40 cents a share.

These shares are the investment on the financial market to-day and are better than Government Bonds as they will pay bigger interest.

Write at once for reports and other literature. Address,

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No. 1505 Schiller Theatre,
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R.B.U. Address "Secretary," Going Away to School? If so, it will surely pay to send for the new, illustrated catalogue of the famous Rochester (N. Y.) Business University.

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[17-]

GOV. HASTINGS' INAUGURAL.

As Delivered at Harrisburg, Tuesday, January 15, 1895.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives and Fellow Citizens:

Our Constitution requires that the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, "shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed." Having been entrusted by the people of Pennsylvania with this administration of that office for the next four years, I have in your presence taken upon myself the prescribed oath of office. Profoundly impressed with the responsibility of the new relation which I sustain to all the people of the Commonwealth, I ask their help in the performance of my duties, while I will constantly rely upon the Supreme Ruler for all strength and guidance.

Not unmindful of the unprecedented vote of confidence given by the electors, I should be guilty of insincerity if I did not now express my great appreciation of the unusual honor and I should be lacking in the qualities that belong to manly gratitude if this did not strengthen every purpose of mind and heart to this end that the confidence prove not to be misplaced. At the same time I fully recognize the truth that honest differences of judgment on public questions and candidates constitute one of the essential safeguards of free government, and demand of the successful competitor that unqualified recognition of the constitutional and legal rights of every citizen which is above partizanship.

The recent election disclosed on the part of the electors a gratifying and unusual desire for the intelligent discussion and determination of principles and issues, and a purpose to exclude from the campaign that element of personal abuse and vituperation which excites prejudice, inflames passion and misguides the judgment. The high standard set and maintained by the distinguished leader of the party opposed to my election, has demonstrated not only the feasibility, but also the wisdom of making elections record the public will, freed from all influences which pervert patriotic judgment.

The people of the state and of the country are now happily emerging from a period of financial and industrial embarrassment which has wrought great injury and distress among all branches of industry and employment. Two political revolutions have taken place within two years that severely tested the stability of the form of government under which we live. From both, the country has come forth stronger and grander, and the people, with more confidence in the future of our political institutions. A great body of legislation which, during constructive growth of thirty years has become almost a part of our organic system, was apparently overturned in the results of a single election. Two years later a far more emphatic and decisive revelation of public judgment restored the principle of American Protection. It may be safely declared, as a sequence, that the wage earning people of the United States, while willing that the contentions and competitions of supply and demand in this country may fix the wage-rate here, will never permit that wage-rate to be reduced by any legislation that involves competition from those who are not their political equal. While the American wage-rate is almost as distinctive a feature of our National system as our Declaration of Independence or our flag, and protection to our own industries a settled conviction of our people, yet conservative judgment will always demand that legislation upon this subject be of such a character as will be just to all sections of our common country, all industries and occupations, and that with changing conditions, the schedules of protective rates shall be so modified as to prevent monopoly or oppression of any class of our people by the power of aggregated wealth.

I venture the opinion and the hope that, with returning confidence as to the future, we are gradually entering upon a period of encouraging and healthy business restoration. With this thought in view, the trend of our legislation should be in sympathy with every effort looking to the advancement of all the industrial, material and commercial interests within the border of the state.

The wage earning population of the state has, beyond doubt, suffered more by reason of the industrial conditions just mentioned, than any other portion of our people. They have been halted not only by reduced wages, but in many instances by absence of opportunity to earn any wages. It cannot be denied that the hand of toil, applied to her native stores of wealth, has done more to make our Commonwealth the Keystone of the Federal Arch, than even her commanding geographical position. Pennsylvania is the distinctive industrial Commonwealth. Her wage earners should receive fostering care in every legislative enactment affecting their interests. Benjamin Franklin declared that the proper use of intelligent labor is the noblest quality in statehood. The giving of fair and honest employment to labor is equally necessary and noble. Conflict between employer and employed is not only injurious to both, but hurtful to every related interest. The great energies and industries of the state are as necessary to labor as labor is to them. Both should be protected in their rights. Both should be given equal legislative opportunity. Labor arises from necessity more than from inclination, and is seldom inviting unless remunerative. Capital depends upon intellectual force and direction. A dollar is a conscienceless thing. Of itself it earns no interest and declares no dividends, and is incapable of much good or harm. Its aggregated power, with intellectual force behind it, is incalculable for good or for evil. Its accumulation and use is the chief ambition and employment of mankind. The state that permits large aggregations of capital to be employed should surround the artificial person thus created with the same restrictions, privileges and protection, which it gives the individual citizen. The laws affecting each should be just and equitable. The burden taxation should rest justly and equitably upon both having due regard to every privilege, and advantage and related interest. Neither should be a target for the demagogue or the tool of the avaricious. Wise laws rigidly enforced are indispensable to both as well as to the state. Every man has the right to sell his labor at his own price and is entitled to protection in its performance. Labor has the right to organize for mutual protection and advantage the same as capital; but neither labor nor capital has the right to combine to prevent men from working at any price they please, no more than capital has the right to control or pervert the natural channels of industry so as to depress the price of labor or raise the cost of living.

I have been constrained to dwell somewhat in commonplace suggestion upon this subject, because in the further development of our material wealth, it is necessary for the peace and dignity of the state, and for the preservation of the lives and property of her citizens that there shall be no recurrence of law breaking methods to enforce a settlement of private disputes. The state is concerned that there shall be industrial peace; that mining, manufacturing, trade and commerce shall continue without interruption and to the advantage of all concerned; and I shall regard it as one of the most solemn obligations of my oath of office to see to it that the peace and dignity of the Commonwealth be maintained and the laws enforced and open defiance thereto restrained promptly and at whatever needed cost.

While the question of the peaceful settlement of contentions between organized labor and capital is almost as old as organized society, yet the subject is more important and momentous now than ever before. Recent experience in this country indicate that public sentiment and matured judgment resulting from knowledge of the facts have uniformly been the best and most powerful arbiters of such disputes. But, public sentiment operates after the fact, and is rarely a preventive. If the general public could be fully informed of the facts and merits of the disputes that bring about strikes and infractions of law, before the parties reach a belligerent attitude, public sentiment would generally guide the way to peaceful and just settlement. The apparent legal obstacles confronting what is generally termed "compulsory arbitration," and the disinclination to voluntary arbitration, have rendered both comparatively ineffective in this country. Some sure legal method of ascertaining the facts and laying them bare to the public before disputes result in violation of law, destruction of property or injury to public rights, whether denominated conciliation or arbitration, would bring the merits of both sides of the contest before the public for its judgment, where the right is sure to prevail. The limits of this address prevent more than a mere suggestion upon the subject, but I may add that to maintain a sound and healthy public sentiment, so requisite to our form of government, care should be taken not only as to the moral and intellectual development of the rising generation, but that the patriotism and Americanism of our people should not be contaminated or weakened by infusions of populations not having the natural endowments, capacities, training or desires to become an honest, law abiding and useful part of our national economy.

When we consider that the general education of the people is essential to the stability and perpetuity of the state, we may well contemplate further improvements in our free school system. The ordinary township or village school, while filling a most useful place, does, to some extent, fail in affording the means necessary to enable boys and girls to fit themselves into useful places when every branch of employment seems to be already overcrowded. We are living in what is called an age of invention. Human labor has been abridged and human comfort enlarged by American ingenuity as applied to mechanical principles, and that to a greater and more profitable extent than in any other country or period of time. And yet the trend of free education has been such as to give very little prominence to industrial training, to the education that prepares the rising generation to earn a ... by the joint use of head and hand. ... percentage of the patrons of our ... schools go from the school house into the business of earning a livelihood. The province of the free school is and should be to assist them in preparing for whatever lawful employment inclination or necessity may bring to them. There is large demand for education of this kind and our present school system can readily be expanded to still greater usefulness in this direction. I hope the time is not distant when our great state from the abundance of her wealth will provide through her school system the opportunity to every boy and girl within her borders to obtain a thorough preparation for any calling or profession, as free from cost in the higher branches as the rudiments of an education may now be obtained in our township schools. When we take into consideration the higher institutions of learning that now depend largely upon the state for support and development, the additional cost of such educational expansion would not be a serious impediment.

The people of the state have manifested much interest in the subject of improvement of our public roads, and it is hoped that the growing sentiment in this regard will soon eventuate in intelligent investigation and appropriate legislation. The general condition of our public roads throughout the state indicates that public sentiment has not favored a tax levy for road purposes sufficiently large to construct and maintain the best roadways, even if the money were most intelligently and economically expended. It is a question largely of local sentiment. After a somewhat painstaking study of the subject, I am inclined to suggest that, recognizing the right of local government, where the people of township or county desire better roads, the state should under well guarded legislative restrictions come to their assistance by paying a share of the proper cost, providing the quality and character of the road satisfy established and just requirements.

Our growing population and increasing diversity of pursuits and employment appear to require expansion in the methods of transacting the greater business of the state through its various executive departments. The several executive branches which existed at the beginning have been enlarged and amplified from time to time by constitutional and legal provisions until they have reached their present growth. The departments of Insurance and of Banking are of recent legislative establishment. Their necessity is each year more apparent. The conditions which induce prudent people to insure their lives and their property make it incumbent upon the state to see to it that the money thus expended is placed where the consideration which is purchased is secure to be returned, whether the insurance company is a creature of our own laws or of another state or county seeking business within our borders. So, also, the banking institution, trust companies and building and loan associations, which invite the deposit and safe keeping of money belonging to the citizens, should be required to satisfy the state that such deposits are in safe hands.

The Building and Loan Associations of our State have proved so beneficial to the industrial and wage earning people that enormous sums of money have been paid into the treasuries of the local institutions, and the homes of more than fifty thousand people in moderate circumstances in this state are dependent upon the good faith and integrity of the management. The building and loan association is distinctively a Pennsylvania institution, the first effort of the kind in this country having been organized in Philadelphia in 1831. Last year, according to the official statistics, there were 5,598 building and loan associations in the United States, of which 1,076 were organized in and under the laws of Pennsylvania. Further investigation shows that last year there were 252,043 share-holders in the Pennsylvania associations, of whom 63,498 were borrowers, showing that over seventy per cent. of the stock-holders used the associations for investment in the nature of savings banks. There are also about 240 national building and loan associations in the land. These organizations transact a business in the aggregate of over $450,000,000 per year, of which nearly one-fifth is done in Pennsylvania. I have dealt somewhat in detail on this subject for the purpose of calling attention to the necessity of more careful state scrutiny of these institutions in the interest of the share-holders, particularly over foreign associations. In my judgment the banking department of the state should be enlarged so as to include proper supervision of these associations in order that the savings of our great industrial population may be adequately protected. This can be done without any, or very little, additional cost to the state.

The farming industry in Pennsylvania is by far the largest single interest, and in every adjustment of legislation should receive the first consideration. The limits of this address prevent the discussion of some features of legislation deemed essential to agricultural advancement. I may, however, venture the opinion that if all previous legislative provisions affecting agriculture, together with those relating to the inspection of food and dairy products, the prevention and extermination of diseases of farm animals; the sale of fertilizers; the highly important subject of the preservation of our forests; and the matter of good public roads, were to be assembled in one department, it would not only elevate and benefit the agricultural interests of the state, and assist the valuable efforts of the State Board of Agriculture, but also place the entire interest upon a broader and more comprehensive and effective basis, and at probably little more expense to the state than the present establishment.

Similar reasons suggest the like action with reference to other branches of the state government to which it is not deemed necessary to refer in detail.

I understand that the Pennsylvania Tax Conference, an organization representing the leading industrial interests of the state, will be prepared after a most thorough and searching investigation of the subject, to present a report to the General Assembly at its present session. I express the hope that in any further adjustment of the revenue laws of the state, care will be taken that no section, no class of property, no condition of the citizen natural or artificial, no lawful business or calling will be required to bear more nor less than its fair and equal proportion of the burden of taxation. Such a result should be attainable, and nothing less will satisfy the just expectations of the people.

The people have the right to demand, and do expect, that the business of the state shall be conducted on principles which experience and sound judgment have established as safe and prudent and that the General Assembly will act as promptly upon the work before them as prudence and proper deliberation will permit. Every mandate of the Constitution should be given vitalizing force by appropriate legislation, and amongst the duties thus imposed, I may be permitted to refer to the Congressional, Senatorial and Judicial apportionments. These subjects, I doubt not will receive at the hands of the General Assembly such fair and speedy consideration as they deserve.

When I contemplate the grave duties which confront the and the great, varied and intricate interests to be effected by the administration this day inaugurated, I freely admit that I approach the task with a most profound sense of responsibility. As your chosen representative, I have no interest to serve that is not your interest, no ambition that does not contemplate the honor of the Commonwealth and the happiness and prosperity of her people. Neither fear nor favor shall control the exercise of my judgment, except the fear of inability to render the best service due to the Commonwealth, and my desire to merit the favor of all its citizens.

Pennsylvania's proud history, her great resources and unfolding wealth, and the intelligence and patriotism of her citizens, call upon her chosen servants to sustain, uphold and advance her imperial position in the Nation. To that end your executive asks upon you to uphold him, to strengthen his purpose, to confirm his judgment and to encourage him in humble and constant reliance upon the Supreme Ruler of states and nations.

Ladies white kid and ooze calf opera slippers—A, B and C widths, at $1.45 and $1.75, actual value $2.50. LYON & Co.

Every Man whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pickpocket,

Every Man whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and

Every Man of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new

Non-pull-out

will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!"

It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark——

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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick heads is where we make our boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

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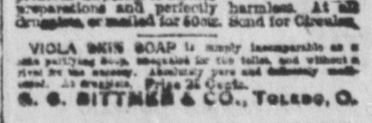

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THE COMING INAUGURATION.

Chief Marshal Olmstead Issues Orders Regarding the Demonstration.

Harrisburg, January 10.—M. E. Olmstead, chief marshal of the inaugural parade, has issued orders appointing as chief of staff Captain George G. Boyer, who is past department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, and one of the First Defenders. Among the long list of aides to the chief marshal from various parts of commonwealth appear the names of major Everette Warren, of Scranton; C. L. Magee, Pittsburg; Colonel H. W. Gray, David Martin, William Henry Lex, Charles S. Porter, Winthrop Smith, Arthur Huey, Amos Mr. Slack, Edward P. Allison, Wm. W. Porter and others, of Philadelphia.

The chief marshal has also requested each political club participating in the parade to designate a member to be appointed upon the staff of the chief marshal. All appointed aids must signify their acceptance in writing not later than Saturday or their names will be omitted in further orders.

The first or military division will be under command of General J. P. S. Gobin. The second division, composed of political clubs, will be under command of Marshal Silas W. Pettit, president of the Union League club of Philadelphia, with A. W. Norris, vice president of the Republican Club league, as adjutant. The third division of political clubs, Major I. B. Brown, of Corry marshal; Major John T. Ensminger, of Harrisbury, adjutant. The fourth division, Harrisburg fire department, Harry M. Kelley, marshal, Major Frank R. Leib, adjutant.

Governor Pattison, Governor-elect Hastings, Chairman George Handy Smith and members of the inaugural committee, justices of the supreme court, judges of Dauphin county court, heads of departments, mayor of Harrisburg and other dignitaries, will be escorted by the chief marshal and staff, State college cadets, Governor's troop and certain of the military staffs from the executive mansion to the capitol at 11.30 a. m.

The parade will form at 12.30, reaching the capitol at 1 p. m., where the governor and other officers and dignitaries above mentioned will be taken into the parade in carriages, passing over the short route to the executive mansion where the governor will review the parade.

In Answer to an Invitation.

Governor elect Hastings and wife have been friends of the Afro-American race ever since their knowledge of them, and now since they are soon to leave Bellefonte to become the first and leading citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, the Afro-American has been remembered in an appointment to the messengership of the governor and offices of trust yet to be given to him. Mrs. Hastings is the highest type of true genuine and intellectual womanhood, and whoever may go to the executive mansion will find back of him who answers to the call of the bell a lady of the highest American refinement and culture. The Afro-American is always on the alert to give honor to whom honor is due and such they give to Governor-elect Hastings and his noble wife, the first lady of the State of Pennsylvania.

H. A. Grant, pastor of the A. M. E. church, Bellefonte, Pa.

A Slide 15 Miles in Length.

Williamsport, Pa., Jan. 10.—A freight train of 17 cars on the Fall Brook railroad was completely buried by a land-slide between Blackwell and Cammol, this morning, and the road, for almost 15 miles, was blocked. The train crew miraculously escaped injury. Several other trains were hemmed in at points along the road.

The slides along Pine Creek have been of frequent occurrence for several days, occasioned by the warm weather, causing the snow to melt and settle. Huge rocks and earth are mixed with the mass and traffic is completely paralyzed, no trains arriving or departing to-day. Hundreds of men are engaged in an attempt to uncover the tracks.

Application for Trout Fry.

Patriot: The state fish commission is receiving applications for trout fry for liberation in the trout streams of the commonwealth. The distribution will begin the latter part of March and continue through April, May and June. Persons desiring fry must have their applications endorsed by the state senator or representative from their district.

The chief clerks in both houses of the Legislature have given notice that the various employees must do the work belonging to the posts to which they have been appointed. The places of those who do not report promptly for duty this evening will be declared vacant. This is a most reasonable reform. Hitherto it has been the practice with a number of the legislative employees to farm out their jobs, engaging some one to do the work at one-half or one-third the pay belonging to the place, and themselves having no further relation to the business than to draw the full pay. It is, of course, an abuse, and it will be a very excellent thing to have it broken up. There are plenty of deserving and competent people to be found to take these places and faithfully perform the duties appertaining to them.

THE interest felt in the career of Napoleon at this time is shown by the fact that of the *The Century*, containing the opening chapters of Prof. Sloane's new Life, more copies were sold than of corresponding issues for years past. The January number is already out of print.

ON TO HARRISBURG.

Colonel Theo. Burchfield Issues Orders to the Fifth.

General Daniel H. Hastings will on Tuesday be inaugurated governor of Pennsylvania and in the ceremonies the Fifth regiment will take part.

The following general orders No. 1 were issued on Wednesday from the headquarters of the Fifth regiment in Altoona by Colonel Theo. Burchfield, commanding:

1. In obedience to orders from the adjutant general, the Fifth regiment will participate in the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of Governor-elect General Daniel H. Hastings, at Harrisburg, Pa., on Tuesday, January 15, 1895.

Companies C, D, F and H will arrange to arrive in Altoona by 8.50 p. m. on Monday, the 14th, (Philadelphia express schedule). At Altoona a special troop train will be made up, consisting of regimental headquarters, drum corps, and companies C, D, F and H. This train will proceed east at 9.15 p. m. same date. Companies B, A, I, and G will arrange to be at Tyrone, Huntingdon and Lewistown junction stations, respectively, to be taken up by special troop train on its arrival at those points. One day's ration will be carried in the haversack.

Company commanders will carry members of field, staff and non-commissioned staff on their transportation where located. Tickets should be secured for officers and men on transportation orders.

Company commanders will consult rail road agent in regard to car and leaving time.

II Full state uniforms will be worn by officers and enlisted men, with leggings. No hats to be carried. Each enlisted man will be fully equipped. All brasses and buttons and shoes polished. The blankets will be rolled on knapsack as decided on at last camp.

Company commanders will see that each man in his company has a lay-down white collar and white gloves, and is neat, clean and tidy in his appearance. No excuses will be taken for unsoldierly conduct or slovenly appearance. * * *

III. The field and staff will report fully equipped, prepared to parade mounted. The non-commissioned staff will report fully equipped and wear white lay-down collars and gloves and leggins.

IV. On this occasion the regiment will represent the Second Brigade and it is enjoined that each individual take a personal pride in his organization and do his utmost to the end that favorable comment may be bestowed upon the regiment.

Agricultural Notes.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Board of Agriculture and Farmers' General Institute will be held in the Supreme Court room at Harrisburg Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 23 and 24. Excursion orders and further information may be obtained by addressing the Secretary, Thos. J. Edge, Harrisburg.

Thursday afternoon from 2 to 5 p. m. the question of "Tuberculosis" will be discussed, and, in view of its special importance with reference to diseased cows and their products, as well as the proposed legislation on the subject, it is hoped that many of our intelligent farmers may attend.

The Department of Agriculture, as well as the State Agricultural Department will this winter give attention to the subject of feeding wheat to stock. The extremely low price of the wheat crop and its general over-production has stimulated a decided movement to discover whether or not it can be fed to stock at a profit. Experiments thus far made to show that wheat can in many instances be more economically fed to stock than can corn. This is especially true in the Western states. Various mixtures of corn, wheat and bran have been tried, and any persons interested may secure a pamphlet upon the subject by addressing the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

The Winshester Verdict.

Lock Haven, Jan. 11.—The case of Amasa Winchester, on trial on the charge of having murdered William Reeder, in September last, was given the jury this afternoon about 4 o'clock. The trial has been a most interesting one throughout and has attracted more attention and greater crowds than any of a similar nature ever before conducted in this county. The killing was admitted, but the line of defense was that the prisoner had committed the act in defending his own life, and asked for a verdict on these grounds, while the commonwealth asked for conviction of murder in the first degree.

At 6.30 o'clock this evening the jury arrived at a verdict, and when the ringing of the court house bell announced this fact large crowds proceeded to that building, packing the main room from one end to the other, many being unable to gain admission.

A verdict of manslaughter was rendered. This is considered a victory for the defense. The trial was ably conducted on both sides.

People Take to the Hill Tops.

Gallipolis, O., Jan. 11.—The Ohio river is still rising with forty-seven feet of water in the channel. The creeks throughout the country have overflowed their banks and every farm in the lower lands is completely deluged. People at Pomeroy and Middleport are moving out of their houses and seeking refuge on the hill tops. Should the river continue to rise traffic will be suspended on the Kanawha and Michigan road between here and Charleston.

RESCUED FROM A LIVING TOMB.

Charles Ditzel Taken Out of the Richardson Colliery.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 11.—Charles Ditzel was rescued from Richardson colliery last night after having spent fifty-four hours in a living tomb. His "butty" August Brenner, was taken out of the mine dead several hours later. Both men were found side by side, the one covered by a mass of coal and the other sitting in a space that left no room for him to move anything but his head. Ditzel was so weak he had to be handled like a helpless babe. His body is painfully bruised but the doctors attending him say he will live. He was taken to his home at Minersville, where the meeting between him and his young wife was very affecting. Ditzel was found at the face of the east manway about ninety yards from the gangway. The breast was filled with coal and how he escaped the fate of Brenner is next to a miracle.

The rescuers first struck a leg. It was cold and stiff. Presently another leg came in view. Then a third leg was uncovered. The men could not tell which was Ditzel's leg or which was Brenner's. At last Ditzel was liberated. Ditzel had been able to use the lower part of one leg during his confinement of fifty four hours and was thus enabled to feel the stiffened limbs of poor Brenner. Brenner died of suffocation, and his body down to his knees was covered with coal and dirt.

The rush of coal liberated a great body of water and Ditzel was soaked through when taken out. His skin was terribly shriveled and bleached from the effects of the cold mine water, and his body was numb from cold. The drippings that came through the crevices over head fell over him, and a drop occasionally struck his tongue, which eagerly licked up the life saving moisture. Ditzel could not have survived his terrible sufferings much longer.

Argument Won't Take Place.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—The argument that was to have been heard to-morrow, in the common pleas court, on the petition for an alternative mandamus in the case of the commonwealth, ex rel., Edward Wolf against the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad company, will not take place for the reason that the information which J. W. M. Newlin, counsel for the complainant, demanded and which was the real reason for making the petition, has not been furnished him. Mr. Newlin asked for a list of the number of shares held by the managers of the company and, the request being refused, proceedings were instituted.

Mr. Newlin stated to-day that the list furnished him is as follows: N. Parker Shortridge, president, 48 shares; John P. Green, 5; Samuel Gustine Thompson, 150; J. Bayard Henry, 5; Amos R. Little, 1; William J. Elkins, 100; Henry D. Welsh, 5; William J. Howard, 5; William H. Barnes, 100; John H. Catherwood, 400. As representatives of the city of Philadelphia James McManes holds 1,807 shares; William Johnston, 10 shares and W. S. P. Shields, 5 shares.

A Remarkable Family.

Clearfield has among her residents a most remarkable family. It is remarkable from the fact of its wonderful longevity. Patrick and Elizabeth Porter, who came to this country from Ireland 45 years ago, were the parents of six living children, all but one of them are residents of this place. Their ages average over 82 years, and each is almost as healthy and spry as when their parents first settled here.

Mrs. Eliza Livingston, the eldest daughter, will be 90 years of age next month. She had a son who died for his country in the civil war, and she now draws a pension as a reward for his services. Wm. Porter who can be seen on our streets almost any day, is the eldest son, having now passed his 88th year, and his second sister, Mrs. Jane Ralston, is 84. Robert, who resides near Curwensville, and John, of this place, are 82 and 79 years respectively, while Sarah, the youngest living daughter, is 72, Patrick, the father, died at 75 and his wife at 85. We doubt if there is another family in the State that can present such a record for longevity as this.—Raftsman's Journal.

Results of Almshouse Scandal.

Pottsville, Pa. Jan. 11.—This afternoon District Attorney Ryan presented to the grand jury for their consideration bills of indictment against J. H. Zerby, owner and editor of the Pottsville Republican, C Shumway, publisher of the Pottsville Chronicle, and T. J. Joyce, of the Mahanoy City American, charging them with libel on oath of Wellington Hartman, steward of the almshouse, and also bills against Hartman and ex-Steward Elijah Emerich charged with adultery, and Poor Director Day, charged with fraud. The last three bills are the result of the county auditors' investigation and the others are for reporting a meeting of the Pottsville Ministerial association which recommended the investigation.

Montcrieff's Hearing.

The hearing of Fred Montcrieff, who is charged with the murder of H. M. Peoples, which was to have been held yesterday afternoon at Ridgway, was postponed until this morning. Cashier Aldrich, at the Johnstown bank, gave in his testimony, when the hearing was adjourned until this afternoon at 2 o'clock. There is a large number of Johnsonburg people attending the hearing, and there is much excitement over the affair.

Gifts to Higher Education.

The beginning of the new year has been marked by some generous gifts to leading colleges and universities which show that even in these times of depressed business the welfare of the higher institutions of learning is not absent from the thoughts of the liberal minded. Columbia College has been enriched by gifts aggregating more than $1,000,000 and the University of Chicago has received from its founder $1,000,000 and money from other sources amounting in all to about $500,000. The sum given to the University of Pennsylvania for new buildings although promised late last year, are further evidences of the generosity and sagacity of the men who are blessed with large wealth.

All this liberality and much more can be put to good use. The annual catalogues of colleges and universities that are now appearing show in nearly every instance larger classes than ever before. In some cases the increase in attendance is smaller than for a few years past, owing no doubt to the hard times, while in other cases the increase is phenomenally large. But in every college it is evident that all the resources of the institution are being strained to the utmost to meet the demands. A striking institution has been most liberally treated during its brief existence than any other educational institution in the same length of time. In all it has received in buildings and endowments over $7,000,000 in five years. But it was compelled to appeal to its founder and patron again and the $175,000 he has just given will be used for the current expenses of the present scholastic year.

There are two or three facts that most people forget in respect to college endowments. And of these is the constantly broadening field of college education. Fifty years ago a college taught little more than Greek, Latin and mathematics, and if it had an endowment of a few hundred thousand dollars and a faculty often or twelve members it was thought to be well equipped. Now a college must teach not only the ancient but the modern languages; not only mathematics but all the sciences. In fact there is no field of human knowledge with which a university must not concern itself. This means a largely increased expense, which must be met if a university is to be kept abreast of the times. Another fact that the interest on such investments as a carefully managed college is willing to trust in its funds in is constantly decreasing. Where 7 and 8 per cent. was common half a century ago only 4 and 5 per cent. can be had now. The result is that $150,000 to-day returns no more than $100,000 once did.

On Four Counts.

New York, January 11.—William W. Weson, president of the Savings bank of Honesdale, Pa., was indicted by the grand jury four times to-day for aiding and abetting the alteration on certain notes which were signed by H. E. Simmons and a merchant in this city. He was brought before Recorder Goff and held in $5,000. William Brookfield, chairman of the county republican committee, went on his bond and he was released.

The story of the case is complicated even as modern business transactions go. It grew out of an effort made to take advantage of the new tariff speculation on whisky before the Wilson bill became a law. The compliment was H. E. Simmons a wealthy New York contractor who lives in New Jersey.

At the time in question he was somewhat short of ready money to carry through some of his schemes. D. J. Kellam, who represented himself as a wealthy man, a man of schemes as well, proposed the whisky deal. He induced Simmons to sign four notes of $5,000 each to be used for the purpose of purchasing the spirits. It is alleged that the notes dates were changed and that they were not used for the purposes for which were given but were hawked about town and sold for 25 cents on the dollar.

Weston is indicted for being a party to the scheme. He was present when the plan was originally decided upon and also when one of the notes was sold to John M Morgan. Mr. Weston came on voluntarily from Pennsylvania.

Port Matilda Eagles.

The following are the officers of Port Matilda castle, No. 219, of Port Matilda, for the ensuing six months' term: Past chief, J. H. Crain; noble chief, John Miles; vice chief, George E. Tyler; high priest, A. J. Johnson; venerable hermit, George Ammeran; master of records, W. G. L. Crain; clerk of exchequer, R. D. Ardrey; keeper of exchequer, Tom Bennett; sir herald, A. E. Price; worthy bard, Moses Weaver; worthy chamberlain, C. W. Crain; ensign, Samuel Scott; esquire, George Price; first guardsman, Adam Cowher; second guardsman, A. L. Sharer; trustee, A. J. Johnson and Martin Cowher; representative to the grand castle, A. E. Price.

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Edited by ALBERT SHAW

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The Progress of the World.—An illustrated editorial review of the month's events which thinking, alert men and women should understand in their proper significance and proportions.

Leading Articles of the Month.—This department, and the succeeding one, **The Periodicals Reviewed**, embody the idea on which the magazine was founded and named. All that is best in the other magazines, American and foreign, is here brightly summarized, reviewed and quoted from.

Current History in Caricature chronicles the month's history through the picturesque means of the successful cartoons that are appearing throughout the world.

Other departments review carefully new books, give lists and indexes of all articles in the world's magazines, and furnish a terse daily record of current events.

CALIFORNIA IN 3½ DAYS

Without change of cars. All meals served in dining cars. Palace drawing-room sleeping cars and tourist sleepers are run through to San Francisco without change, with annex sleeping cars to Los Angeles, leaving Chicago daily via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

Variable route tourist tickets, taking in all principal points of interest, and allowing special privileges without extra cost, on sale at

VERY LOW RATES.

Detailed information and descriptive pamphlets will be mailed free on application to W. A. THRALL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, CHICAGO. Agents of connecting lines sell tickets via the

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Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Fine watch repairing at W. T. Achenbach's.

W. R. Jenkins, of Bellefonte, has been been granted a patent for a Hydro carbon-burner.

—Another snow fall last night and this morning, about five inches of "the beautiful" coming down.

—"Dixie's Land" company, which was to have appeared in Garman's opera house Tuesday evening, failed to materialize, it being reported stranded in Tyrone.

—The soldier boys of Company B returned from Harrisburg this morning on the 9.32 train, and report having had a pleasant, though somewhat tiresome trip.

—Judge A. O. Furst and wife departed on Monday for Harrisburg. The Judge went to attend the State Convention of lawyers and Mrs. Furst will visit friends.

—Will grind a pound of coffee for you while you wait, always ask for Mocka and Java screenings. Price low, quality high at Eureka grocery. M. P. Tuten proprietor. High street next door to the post office.

—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Powers occurred from her home at 770 N. 24th street, Philadelphia, Saturday at 8.30 o'clock, the cortege going to St. Francis Xavier's church where requiem high mass was celebrated at 10 o'clock. Interment was made in the Holy Ghost cemetery.

—Two young and very prettily dressed women created a sensation in a hotel at Greensburg last week. "I have 23 children," said the queenly blonde. "That's nothing, I expect to have 40 next year," said the other beauty, with a resigned look. It was all right after they explained to the landlord that they were school teacher, and were there attending the institute.

—In the voting contest conducted by the Pittsburg Times which will send the five clergymen who received the highest number of votes, to visit Egypt the Holy Land and the capitals of Europe it was announced that the successful ones were Revs. F. L. Tobin, J. H. Prugh and J. C. Bigham, of Pittsburg; Rev. E. U. Troutwine, Johnstown; and Rev. J. T. Steffy, of Dawson.

—Farmers have the perplexing problem to solve and evolve of how to make ends meet, pay taxes, keep up repairs and necessary expenses, educate the children, and wheat only 55c. per bushel. A leading merchant of this city made the remark recently, in conversation, that his business would be bankrupt in six months if run in the careless manner many farmers run their farms.

—Workmen are now busily engaged at work on the Bush House, making extensive repairs. The entire building will be remodeled throughout in the interior. The rooms will be changed, woodwork repainted, walls repaired and papered, ceilings frescoed, etc. The change will be an extensive one, and will add greatly to the comfort and convenience of the patrons of this popular hostelry.

—Judge John G. Love held his first Court in this county on Tuesday. He was received cordially by lawyers and others. In the trial of the cases, he gave close attention to the arguments of the attorneys, and weighs the evidence carefully. He is suave and approachable, fair and impartial in his decisions, and we believe the people will have no cause to regret they have elected him to fill the honorable position.—Huntingdon *Local News*.

—Another big snow storm passed over this section of the state on Saturday night, fully eight inches of the feathery flakes falling. The snow fall was accompanied by a genuine blizzard, the thermometer falling to the zero point. It continued cold all day on Sunday and the consequence was there were few people on the streets and the churches were slimly attended. The wind blew the snow into huge drifts considerably blocking traffic, and this morning trains came in a half hour or so late.

—On Tuesday evening Mr. Stine was under a freight car standing on a siding at Valentine's Iron works making some repairs, when two other cars were shoved on the siding, the operating crew not knowing Mr. Stine was under the car. The car was struck and shoved a car length and Mr. Stine was dragged along under the trucks and was seriously injured, his chest being dislocated. As he is an old man his injuries may prove fatal. No blame can be attached to anyone as none knew he was there.

—The following are definitions of Bible terms: A day's journey was about an English mile; Ezekiel's reed was nearly eleven feet; a cubic is nearly 22 inches; a hand's breadth is equal to 3 6 8 inches; a shekel of gold was $8.90; a talent of silver was $538.32; a talent of gold was $13,809; a piece of silver or penny was 13 cents; a farthing was 3 cents; a garah was a cent; a mite was a cent; an epha of bath contains seven gallons and five pints; a bin was one gallon and two pints; a fiskir was seven pints; an omer was six pints; a cab was three pints.

Mrs. Melissa Hagerman.

Melissa Irwin, relict of Lewis W. Hagerman, deceased, died after a short illness, at her residence on East Linn street, Monday noon aged nearly 80 years. She was the daughter of John and Mary Fisher Irwin, both deceased, and was born at Bellefonte, Pa., January 18, 1816. In 1846 she was married to Lewis W. Hagerman, with whom she lived happily until his death which occurred at Howard, Pa., May 28, 1856. She bore him two children, John Irwin Hagerman and Sarah Brooks Hagerman, both of whom survive her. She is also survived by one brother, the venerable Ellis Irwin, of Lick Run Mills and two sisters, Mrs. Martha A. Williams, of Philipsburg, Pa., and Mrs. Mark J. Hyman, Waukesha, Wis. Her death was due to a general giving way of her physical resources. She suffered much pain during her illness and lost her sight and hearing but her death was painless and came quickly. Her pathway to the grave was made smooth and bright by the loving ministrations of her children and friends whose lives have been sweetened and blessed by her faithfulness and tenderness. She was by birth and profession a member of the Society of Friends and was a person of the deepest and most trustful piety. Her whole life from her earliest youth was a rare example of perfect trust in God, saint like meekness and devotion to others.

She will be buried on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from her late residence. Interment at Friends burying ground.

"The foundation of God standeth sure having this seal, 'The Lord knoweth them that are His.'"

Marriage.

It was Max O'Rell who said: "The French woman gains her liberty, the English woman losses hers, and the American woman continues to do as she pleases," as as a result of the wedding ceremony. In whatever country people marry it depends upon the two individuals who are high contracting parties whether their union is a thing of blessing or cursing. If they are wise, self contained, unselfish and devoted enough to resolve and endeavor to be happy together they can make married life as nearly a perfect existence as it falls to the lot of mortals to enjoy; bvt neither one or the other can bring about this happiness alone. The desire and the effort, like the obligation, are mutual.

Died At Unionville.

Little George, the infant son of Percy and Ida Blackford, aged but 3 months, died at the residence of its Grandparents in Unionville, on Saturday, January 12th. The funeral occurred on Monday from its Grandparents' residence, interment being made in the cemetery at Unionville.

Another tender bud, given but a few brief weeks to brighten the household of a fond and loving father and mother, has been plucked by Him who doth all things for the best. Though it is hard to part with the innocent babe, there is promise of a happier reunion in the land that knows no parting.

Company—Ammerman.

There was a wedding this morning and the high contracting parties were Miss Katie Ammerman, who was united in marriage to Mr. Frank Company, the ceremony taking place at 7.30 o'clock in the Catholic church, Rev. Father McArdle officiating. The bridesmaid was Miss Lula Pacini and the groomsman, a brother of the bride, Mr. Ed. Ammerman, of Philadelphia. The happy couple departed on the 9.32 train for a brief wedding trip to Philadelphia and other eastern cities. Congratulation to all.

Give G. A. R. Adjutants Power.

State Senator J. P. S. Gobin has introduced into the senate a bill which empowers the adjutants of the various Grand Army posts throughout the state to administer the necessary oaths or affirmation to pensioners of the United States, on the vouchers required from them for the purpose of drawing the pension. The adjutants are authorized to charge the pensioner fifteen cents for each voucher.

Senator McQuown's Appointment.

Hon. L. M. McQuown, State Senator, from this district has been handsomely recognized in the way of appointments on committees. He is made chairman of the committee on public printing and is a member of the following committees: Congressional apportionment, legislative apportionment, judicial apportionment, judiciary general, games and fisheries, educational.

LETTER LIST

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for, Jan. 14th, 1894.

Miss Annie Andrews, L. M. Bowers, Wm. Frain, John P. Harris, Prof. A. E. Hough, Harry Hoy, Patrick Garett, Lucy Gorham, John E. Hytle, W. E. Harris, Miss Rebecca Parry, Lloyd Reed, James H. Saxon, Thomas Sharp, Marie L. Steveson, G. R. Thomas, L. A. Zeigler.

When called for please say advertised.

DAVID F. FORTNEY, P. M.

The Drummer's Blessing.

A commercial traveler who stopped over night with a friend in Massillon was asked to say the blessing at supper. The request rattled him and he responded as follows: "We acknowledge the receipt of your favor of this date. Allow us to express our gratitude for this expression of good will. Trusting that our house may merit your confidence, and that we shall have many good orders from you this winter, we are yours. Amen."—Canton (O.) Roller.

Safeguards Suggested.

The school book problem is attracting wide attention throughout the State, and the Harrisburg telegrams state that a number of Legislators are preparing measures aimed at the operations of the book syndicate. Several things have already been gained by the discussion originated in The Dispatch. In some cases apparent discrepancies in prices have been explained, and in others the differences have been found to actually exist. Representative Lytle's statement that three cent books are sold for 25 cents and eight-cent books for 50 cents has been questioned, but neither explicitly denied nor refuted. On the other hand, there has been some evidence tending to support his figures.

There are two things which the Legislature can do to which it is difficult to find the slightest objection. A rigid investigation should be instituted into the details of the operations of the new book law which are not covered by the official reports. If any evils exist their official publication will in itself go far toward correction. Then the law could be so amended as to require the local school authorities to report to the State Department of Instruction the names and prices of the books purchased. These reports need not necessarily be printed, to which their bulkiness might furnish an obstacle. The mere fact that the figures were on file at Harrisburg, and accessible, would provide a salutary check. In matters of this kind there is no surer safeguard of public interests than publicity.

Homemade Dresses.

Women who make their own dresses are regarded with envy by their less gifted sisters in these hard times when economy is a necessity with many well to-do people. Anything that gives information on the subject of home dressmaking is seized upon eagerly and its utility tested by practical application. The test—there's the rub! If you cater to feminine readers you must know that it is important to satisfy their expectations. The reputation of Olive Harper is a sufficient guarantee of the reliability of the principles set down and the directions given in our "Home made Dresses" column on the third page. She is known throughout the entire country as a singularly sensible, lucid and accurate fashion writer and her signature will be sure to attract the attention of all feminine readers. The Herald will publish several illustrated articles from time to time, by Olive Harper, on this live subject for women.

—Mr. George Shafer, of Madisonburg, was in Bellefonte to day and, in speaking of the tragic death of his son, G. W. Shafer, at Joplin, Mo., he said that the first knowledge he had of the fact was when he saw the announcement in the DAILY NEWS. His son went west 29 years ago. He was the youngest of a family of three children, the others being Daniel, of Madisonburg, and Rosetta, wife of Mr. A. Lukenbach, of this place. G. W. leaves a wife but no children. His parents were expecting him home on a visit next week and the announcement of his death was a great shock.

—The many friends of Mr. T. A. Lucas, who is well known in Centre county, will be grieved to learn of the serious accident which befell him a few days ago in Greenfield, Mass., where he and his wife were on a visit to the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dolan Clark. While walking down town with Mr. Clark, Mr. Lucas slipped on the inclined icy pavement and fell, striking on the back of his head. He was rendered unconscious for nearly twenty-four hours, but we are pleased to learn that under the careful treatment of the physician he is convalescing.

—At the annual meeting of the Tyrone Mining and Manufacturing company yesterday an election was held for officers to fill their places for the ensuing year, resulting as follows: Board of directors Hon. Charles B. Roberts, S. C. Steward, A. G. Morris, Dr. W. L. Lowrie and John L. Potter. At a meeting newly organized board the following officers were subsequently named: President, Hon. Charles B. Roberts, of Westminster, Md; secretary and treasurer, S. C. Stewart, of Tyrone.

—A few things for the young to remember and put into practice: No boy can rise who slights his work. Work! This world is not going to pay you for loafing. Ninety per cent. of what men call genius is only talent for hard work. Enter into that business or trade which you like best and for which nature seems to have fitted you, provided it is honorable. Be honest. Dishonesty seldom makes one rich, and when it does, riches are a curse. There is no such thing as dishonest success.

Cherry Tree in Blossom.

One of the rarities of a January winter spell is a cherry tree in blossom on East Water street. The tree is in the yard of Ed. Killinger, formerly the old Sylvis homestead. A twig taken from the tree has several blossoms and many well developed buds.—*L. H. Democrat.*

Of Interest to Voters.

All certificates of nomination of candidates in the several boroughs and townships in the county must be filed with the County Commissioners on or before Friday, February 1st. The first name of each candidate must be written in full.

In Memoriam.

The following resolutions were passed by Bellefonte Lodge, P. O. S. of A., No. 247, upon the death of Brother Austin Martin, who departed this life January 8, 1895:

WHEREAS, God, in His wisdom, has called our brother from his life of labor:

Resolved, That, though we shall miss him, we do hope our loss is his gain.

Resolved, That we extend our sincere sympathy to his stricken parents and family, and pray that God may comfort their hearts.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered on the minutes of the camp, and a copy of the same be sent to the bereaved family.

Also, that our charter be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days, in memory of our deceased brother.

PHILIP SMITH
S. M. HALL,
LEW. MILLER, } Committe.

—The most successful advertisers are those who believe in and practice continuous instead of spasmodic advertising. And by a successful advertiser we mean not simply one who prepares attractive invitations and throws out practical suggestions which return profit to him at certain seasons, but one who rarely takes his name out of the newspaper. It is quite easy to induce buyers when the buying season is on, when it is in the air to "get something." But to get purchasers to store and shop when they are not hunting a chance to spend money is the test of good advertising. In other words, dull times are the times to put the strongest pressure on the newspaper's columns. There is a steady flow of trade. More than ever does this seek new channels. That merchant and dealer can best keep his old trade and gain new who daily sets before the household the reasons why his direction is the best to take. A good advertisement never becomes monotonous reading. A truthful advertisement never fails to get buyers.

—A young man who signed his communication M. F. B., wrote the editor of Taggarts' Times, Philadelphia, asking what was necessary to be a proof reader. The editor replied in the following language: "To be a proof reader man or woman must be an encyclopaedia, a dictionary, a grammar and a walking bundle of knowledge of current events. No knowledge general or special, that a proof reader can acquire ever goes amiss. To commence work in a small place a thorough knowledge of all the rules of composition, punctuation, orthography is absolutely imperative. The remainder can be acquired, but the best proof reader must be an authority on everything, and be able to find flaws in the work of the biggest man who ever handled a pen."

—A staff correspondent at Harrisburg writes the Pittsburg Commercial Gazette "George Hutchison has been strongly recommended for deputy secretary of the commonwealth, and it is said by some applicants for the place that Gen. Hastings has announced this recommendation of Hutchison. It is said, however, Gen. Reeder thinks he should appoint a lawyer to the position. Such a course will sorely offend the grangers, who are vigorously backing Hutchison. The outgoing administration recognized the grangers in this appointment and they expect the same treatment again. Maj. James Barnett, of Washington is also a candidate for this place and mentioned as a possible winner."

—There is no doubt that an immense number of people habitually sleep on the left side, and those who do so, it is said, can never be strictly healthy. It is the most prolific cause of nightmare and also of the unpleasant taste in the mouth on arising in the morning. All food enters and leaves the stomach on the right side, and hence sleeping on the left side soon after eating involves a sort of pumping operation which is anything but conducive to sound repose. The action of the heart is also seriously interfered with and the lungs are unduly compressed. Hence it is best to cultivate the habit of always sleeping on the right side, although Sandow and other strong men do invariably sleep on their backs.

Thanks Returned.

I wish to return thanks to my friends and neighbors, for their many acts of kindness and assistance to me in my late affliction, through the sickness and death of my wife. Also, to Geo. W. Jackson, for his timely financial assistance, by the loan of money to help me in the discharge of all obligation brought upon me by trouble. I was offered money as a charity, but did not want to be driven to this extremity, even by so sad a trouble. I have always been able to pay my way and trust, by the help of God, I may ever be able so to do.

THOMAS H. RHOADS.

Some old Timers.

The telegraph line of the Pennsylvania railroad company was completed, says the Pittsburg Post, between Pittsburg and Philadelphia in the spring of 1856. Of the operators who worked it then but three remain in the service of the company. Robt. Pitcairn, now superintendent here, was then operator at Altoona; William B. Wilson, now superintendent of Mantua transfer, then operator at Huntingdon, and Jesse W. Crouse, now chief clerk to auditor of passenger receipts, then operator at Lewistown. Andrew Carnegie was then operator at Outer depot, Pittsburg, and although it is many years since he left the service of the company to "better" his condition, he continues to feel an interest in the "old boys of the wire."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Feeding Wheat To Hogs.

A recent report of the Department of Agriculture estimates that American farmers are now feeding to their stock a large amount of wheat—an amount probably aggregating in value from thirty-five million dollars a year.

The idea of using so much wheat to fatten hogs was conceived with a view of so reducing the supply of wheat available for exports as to enhance prices. The farmers seem, too, to take it for granted that their wheat will bring them larger profits when fed to their stock, and this may be partly true, provided there should be a larger demand for American meats in foreign markets. But it is perhaps quite as likely that the demand for American wheat will increase abroad as much as the demand for American meat, in which case it will be found that the farmer has gained nothing by feeding his wheat to hogs.

Farmers should also consider that while their surplus wheat can always gain admission to foreign markets, Germany, in retaliation for our hostile sugar tariff, has laid restrictions on imports of American meat; and other nations may do the same. Wheat is also a grain which costs so much to raise that farmers may do well to think twice and to think very carefully before they go any deeper into wheat feeding.

Neighborhood News.

The wife of ex-Judge Sadler, of Cumberland county, died on Thursday, after a short illness.

The Juniata county farmers' institute will meet in Mifflintown Tuesday and Wednesday, February 12 and 13.

The antikissing club that was organized by some Clearfield young ladies is now reduced to two members, and they are of the opposite sex.

Frederick Moncrieff was acquitted on Friday afternoon at Ridway on the charge of murdering J. Harry Peoples, of Johnsonsburg on November 22.

The prize watch offered by Fish Commissioner Ebel, for the largest salmon caught during the season, was given to Henry Coder, of Williamsport. His fish weighed 9 pounds 4 ounces.

Rev. Edward Schade, of Williamsport, has sued the editors and publishers of the Sun of that city for $25,000 damages, by the publication of malicious references to him as a pastor and a citizen.

The sheriff of Lycoming county has received complaints from Trout run that deer are being killed in that vicinity by men and dogs. Fourteen deer have been killed by the party since the close of the season.

News Notes

A freight train of seventeen cars on the Fall Brook railroad was completely buried by a land slide between Blackwell and Cammol, Thursday morning, and the road for almost 15 miles was blockaded. The train crew miraculously escaped injury. Several other trains were hemmed in at points along the road.

A mysterious individual, who has been named "Jack, the Tombstone Maniac," has been destroying some of the handsomest monuments in the cemetery at Clarksville, Mercer county. On Saturday night he broke twenty-three tombstones. The people are worked up over the outrage, and are making all efforts to find the scoundrel.

A fire started in the Sheehan house, Bradford, Pa., on Sunday, and did damage to the amount of $95,000 before it was extinguished.

Intense destitution is reported along the northern coast of New Foundland.

During funeral services in a church at New Haven, Conn., on Sunday, the floor gave way, and there was a rush of the crowd to get out. Fortunately the injuries were few.

This Morning's Fire.

At half-past three o'clock this morning the fire alarm sounded the signal for the South ward, and the conflagration proved to be in an unoccupied house belonging to Mr. Cooney, up on the west end of Logan street. The fire companies were promptly on the ground but they could do little, as the building was then almost in ruins. The loss is small, as the house was an old one and for some time past had been occupied by colored families. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. R. B. Meyers, of Lock Haven, formerly an employee with Montgomery & Co., in this place, is spending a few days with friends in Bellefonte.

Judge Larimer, of Sioux City, was an arrival in Bellefonte Monday morning and is now a guest at the home of Mr. W. T. Speer, on West High street. The Judge will be well and favorably known by many persons in Bellefonte, he having at one time been a resident in this place.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Fancy Table Linens.—Embroidered Luncheon Cloths.—Fashionable Jewelry.—The "Diana Crescent." and Empire Fans.

Heretofore, German handiwork, Fayal embroidery and drawn work, were principal ornamentations of high-class fancy table linens; but Venetian and French handiwork, together with Renaissance lace, may now be added, constituting many beautiful designs, which are often a reminder of popular styles in dress material or millinery; garlands of violets adorning table cloth borders, and dainty Dresden figures in connection with Honiton braid, bringing about very attractive combinations. A decided preference is evinced for small figures in new table cloths, such as ivy leaves, clover leaves, acorns or blades of grass, knotted together, and usually the border is of similar pattern, somewhat enlarged, with perhaps the addition of satin-finished dots.

LUNCHEON CLOTHS

admit of much ornament, and a beautiful one shown by a leading house, has three rows of hemstitching inside the hem, with an immense circular spray of flowers and foliage (the ends not meeting) occupying almost the whole centre, done in raised embroidery of Venetian silk, with napkins to match, each having a corresponding spray at one corner. A second fancy cloth has wreaths of violets (natural colors) woven in the borders with napkins similarly adorned Table napkins vary greatly in size, thirty nine inches square being one extreme, and large fringed doilies the opposite. Centre pieces and buffet scarfs are still about the usual size, and may have a plain centre and deep edge in Venetian or French handiwork, or wide scalloped edges, embroidered in yellow silk, with clusters of large and small chrysanthemums at irregular intervals.

THEN AGAIN

centre pieces are of Renaissance lace, with embroidered wheels among the leaves, and this material is simply a strong, heavy reproduction of what is now so fashionable for collars or capes. Ornamentation is fairly lavished upon finger-bowl doilies or fancy mats, and where silk Russian lace doilies with silk centres on a polished wood table, or grape-leaf mats covered with embroidery in shaded green silk, set around on a white cloth, convey some idea of the beauty of present styles; and it is noticeable that the demand for colored embroideries has increased; good housekeepers realizing that by using Ivory soap, the colors will last as long as the material holds together.

A LADY'S COSTUME

is incomplete without a handsome buckle on the collar, accordingly the variety of oblong, square, round or oval buckles, cause a profound respect for human ingenuity, and those who object to very large ones, compromise the matter by wearing two or three. The "Diana crescent" assists in the utter annihilation of the brooch, and is both large or small, composed of diamonds or plain gold, in order that it may be within the means of all classes. This great toy does not imitate Nature's luminary very closely, as the points are more open, although in very expensive crescents, one is put within the other in such a way, that the ends are brought much nearer together. A slender gold chain, passing through a precious stone, and drawn up or enlarged at pleasure, with one end loose, is called the "gliding bracelet," and usually the end terminates in a jewelled ball.

THERE IS A GREAT DEARTH

of novelties in watches and chatelaines, the different arrangement however of such exquisite embellishments as enamelling, hand-painting and all precious stones, necessarily constitutes much that is new. A miniature binnacle (a marine instrument is a novelty in watches, the face being about the size of a three cent piece, and entirely out of sight until the bauble is turned up.

THE GENUINE EMPIRE FAN

is just eighteen inches long, is studded with silver and steel figures, and has mother-of-pearl sticks. Larger varieties have two miniature heads, painted on gauze, or two figures framed in painted scroll work, set off by flowers formed of very minute spangles.

VERONA CLARK.

—Among those confirmed by the State Senate was Dr. William H. Egle, of Harrisburg, to be State Librarian for four years from February 1894. This reappointment of Dr. Egle and his prompt confirmation is justly deserved. Under Dr. Egle the state library ranks with the great libraries of the world. He knows books and their value, and his judicious selections have added very materially to the worth of the library. Dr. Egle's friends all over the state congratulate him on this new confidence in his ability.

—Remember the University Extension lecture tomorrow evening by Dr. Rolfe in the chapel. Go and hear him. Time, 7:30